The Columbian.

VOL 42. BLOOMSBURG, PA., THURSDAY FEBRUARY 6, 1908. NO 6.

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TOWNSEND

COME IN

And Let Us Show You

The Greatest Prices

EVER OFFERED ON

Overcoats.

TOWNSEND'S

CORNER.

SEVEN KILLED, NINE INJURED.

From Boiler Explosion at Northumberland.

With a terrific roar that awoke the sleeping inhabitants of Northumberland and startled them with apprehension and fear as to its cause, furnace number five of Van Alen & Co's nail mill at Northumberland exploded Tuesday morning, killing seven workmen, injuring nine others and tearing out a whole section of the mill.

The ill-fated men were working at the exploding furnace, and the others on either side. The mill engineer had tested the water and steam pressure in the boiler, and had left for another part of the mill scarcely a minute before the explosion.

The puddlers were preparing to draw the molten iron from the furnace, and were working it into huge pasty balls, when suddenly the brick casing of the boiler above their heads was torn asunder with a violence that sent a convulsive tremor through the immense structture.

One end of the boiler, weighing nearly two tons, was shot out like a shell from a cannon with such force that it was carried in a line drive into a field 100 yards away. The other end was blown through rafters and supports against the opposite wall, which fell with a crash.

The upward force of the explosion tore away the roof and the flying debris, bricks, timbers and bent sheeting, fell upon the prostrate workers on the ground. The iron chimney, lined with brick, which rose from the end of the furnace, crumpled like paper and toppled over into the open ground outside the mill. The whole section where the furnace stood was torn out, and a jagged hole with gaunt timbers projecting into the air, with its bottom covered with a layer of debris several feet, marked the spot where the accident occurred.

THE DEAD.

Duval Clark, aged 35 years, married.

Samuel Sarvis, aged 55 years, married.

Willard Brouse, aged 35 years, married.

Thomas Jones, aged 65 years, unmarried.

Grant Reeder, aged 38 years, married.

John F. Scholvin, aged 38 years, married.

Edward A. Krebs, aged 33 years, married.

THE INJURED.

John Newbury, leg broken and internally injured.

William Carver, head badly cut.

Harry Smith, skull fractured.

William Morgan, badly bruised.

Daniel Sanders, skull fractured.

Wesley Reichenbach, head cut.

John Quickly, badly bruised.

Francis Hummel, leg injured.

Nathan Benner, head and hip injured.

The entire town, thoroughly alarmed by the ringing of fire bells, ran to the mill, and ropes were stretched across the street to keep the crowd back while the victims were removed from the debris. Many of the bodies were blackened and disfigured almost beyond recognition. The Town Hall was turned into a morgue for the dead, and several of the injured were carried on stretchers to their homes, while others were sent in an ambulance to the Sunbury Hospital.

The nail mill is Northumberland's chief industry and employed about 300 in its furnaces, nail department and fifth-wheel works. The furnaces are in a row at one end of the building, and above them are boilers which run the machinery, utilizing the waste heat of the fires that melt the iron.

The mill was closed the first week of November in order to repair these boilers and was opened Tuesday morning for the first time in three months. Over $2000 had been spent to put the boilers in first-class condition, and the loss caused by the explosion will amount to $10,000.

Coroner W. H. Dreher, of Shamokin, empannelled a jury and will hold an inquest today. An effort will be made to fix the responsibility for the disaster. Engineer A. L. Johnson has stated that there was sufficient water in the boiler to prevent it from becoming dry. No cause has as yet been discovered to satisfactorily account for the explosion.

All but one of the dead men leave widows and families, now destitute and with no means of support.

THE SOLDIERS' MONUMENT.

G. A. R. Posts Will Aid in Selection.

At a meeting of the county commissioners on Saturday the date for choosing a design for the Soldiers' and Sailors' monument was postponed until February 10th, when a committee of the five Grand Army Posts in the county will meet with them and assist in the selection of a design. This action was taken in accordance with the suggestion of a number of Grand Army men who were present.

The commissioners took the following action:

The commissioners having been advised by their Solicitor that under the proceedings in court relating to the erection of a soldiers' monument, Columbia County, Pa., the same must be erected on Market square, thereupon it was moved by Hess that the Commissioners of Columbia county meet at their office in Bloomsburg on February the 10th, 1908, at 10 o'clock a. m. for the purpose of selecting a design from those designs already submitted to the commissioners and on exhibition in their office, and opening the bids accompanying said designs, and take such other action as they may deem necessary touching the acceptance or rejection of said bids and awarding the contract for the erection of said monument, and such action as they may deem necessary on the subject of the erection of said monument generally. Seconded by Pohe and carried.

Mr. Ringrose also made the following motion: That the clerk give notice to all persons who have submitted designs for the proposed monument in the town of Bloomsburg by sending to each of them a copy of the foregoing resolution, and notifying such persons, if they have not already done so, that they shall send in bids for their designs submitted, so as to be received by the said commissioners on or before the morning of February 10th, 1908.

Besides the commissioners and G. A. R. men, Solicitor Rhawn and H. A. McKillip, Esq. were present.

A very pleasant reception was given in the basement of the Methodist Church on Tuesday evening to the students of the Normal School by the Epworth League. A program consisting of recitations, an address by the pastor, shadow-pictures and refreshments was agreeably carried out.

TWO-AND-A-HALF CENTS A MILE AGAIN.

On the Pennsylvania Railroad.

The Supreme Court of the State of Pennsylvania having decided that the Act of the last Legislature fixing a maximum passenger fare of two cents a mile is inapplicable to the Pennsylvania Railroad, its branches and leased lines, the company will on February 1st restore the schedule of fares which had prevailed—from Nov. 1, 1906, when the Company voluntarily reduced its maximum one-way rate to two and one-half cents a mile—until October 1, 1907. On the latter date, when the Two-Cent-Fare Act became effective, all one-way rates were reduced to conform to the Law as it stood.

The system of passenger fares which prevailed prior to October 1st will, after February 1st, again apply to all portions of the Pennsylvania Railroad within the State of Pennsylvania, including in the Buffalo and Allegheny Valley, the Philadelphia and Erie, and the United Railways of New Jersey Grand Divisions.

As, however, the Act is held to apply to the Pennsylvania Railroad and its branches only, the two-cent rate will, until cases now pending before the Courts are decided, be retained on these portions of the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington and the Northern Central railroads within the State of Pennsylvania; as well as on the Bedford Division, and the Lancaster and Quarryville branch.

The Company will also resume the sale of 180-trip three-month tickets, 100-ride tickets (good within a year,) and all other commutation privileges which were withdrawn pending the decision of the Courts. Although the two-cent rate will still apply to the Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington Railroads, the Company will after Feb. 1st again accord to patrons of that Company all commutation privileges which were withdrawn October 1, 1907.

Pending the decision of the Courts, the Pennsylvania Railroad Company and its affiliated lines East of Pittsburg, Buffalo and Erie withdrew the issuance of orders for special rates to clergymen living along these lines. Beginning March 1st, clerical orders will again be issued, the amount of work involved in preparing them making this delay unavoidable.

THE OPERA HOUSE.

William H. Coffman has leased the Opera House from J. R. Fowler, and assumed the management at once.

It has been fully demonstrated that Bloomsburg is an amusement loving town. The large and constant patronage accorded the three moving picture shows, the crowds at the Normal School entertainments, and the good audiences at the Opera House whenever a really good show comes, attests this fact. To make a success of it will require several reforms. The first is to keep the house clean and warm, the second is to secure good companies; and another is to keep the hoodlums away from the entrance and from the top of the stairs.

It is not pleasant for every patron to be pestered with requests to "take me in," by a gang of boys at the entrance. The yells and cat calls and jeers in the gallery should also be surpressed, and with these improvements it may be that the patronage of the local playhouse may again be built up.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

The regular February term of court opened on Monday morning. List of grand jurors called, showing 20 present.

F. H. Wilson was appointed foreman. Wm. Tilley was appointed tip staff to wait upon the Grand Jury.

Joseph Garrison and W. H. Utt were appointed tip staves for this term of court, their duties to commence Tuesday morning.

Constables called and made their returns. The constables of Pine and Cleveland reported some index boards were not up. The constables of Centre, Mt. Pleasant and Scott reported some of the roads in bad condition. Referred to the District Attorney.

The grand jury made the following returns:

Com. vs. John Washburn, burglary, true bill.

Com. vs. Joseph Umluf. Larceny and receiving. True bill.

Com. vs. William Cortwright. Larceny, receiving, etc. True bill.

Com. vs. Michael O'Brien. Assault and battery. A true bill.

Com. vs. John Chrisman. Not a true bill. Walter Space, prosecutor, to pay the costs. Court sentenced Space to pay the costs or give bail to the Sheriff for the payment of the same within 10 days and stand committed until sentence is complied with.

The District Attorney called over the criminal list and on motion the Court permitted nol pros to be entered in the following cases.

Com. vs. Dorothy Potter, assault and battery.

Com. vs. John Fedorco, keeping a vicious dog.

Com. vs. J. A. Patterson, surety of the peace.

Com. vs. George W. Walter, embezzlement.

Rebecca H. Chromis vs. Robert F. Chromis, divorce. Motion is made for the appointment of a master to take testimony.

John J. Keenan vs. Nellie Keenan, divorce. R. O. Brockway, Esq., is continued as master to report on first Monday of next term.

Frank W. Barwick vs. Clara Barwick, libel in divorce, subpœna awarded.

R. Elizabeth McClure vs. C. B. McClure, divorce. On motion of Frank Ikeler, Esq., J. G. Jayne, Esq., is continued as master with leave to file his report at the next term of court.

In the case of Harmony vs. Harmony the Court filed an opinion refusing a decree in divorce.

In the matter of the sale of the real estate of J. J. Campbell, late of the borough of Catawissa, deceased, on motion of L. C. Mensch, Esq., the order of sale is continued until the first Monday of May.

The report of viewers on the opening of East First street is confirmed absolute, excepting as effects Mrs. Ray Yohe.

In the matter of opening of East Fourth street, the report of the viewers is confirmed nisi.

Report of viewers to assess damages for land taken by Franklin School Board confirmed absolute.

Report of viewers on a public road in Montour township near Jacob Giger's confirmed absolute.

Report of viewers for a county bridge over the race at the Paper Mill in Scott township confirmed nisi.

Samuel Neyhart, Harry Little and Philip Harris appointed viewers for a bridge in Briar Creek township near residence of Claude Adams.

William G. Yetter, Isaiah Rhoades and Benjamin Waters appointed viewers for a private road in Franklin township, near Bethel church.

Road in Catawissa township, near D. Fetterolf. Exceptions to report of viewers filed.

Petition filed for appointment of re-viewers on a public road in Catawissa borough and township.

Report of Inspectors of a county bridge over Chillisquaque creek in Madison township approved by the Court, as was also the report of the inspectors of a bridge in Benton township over Raven Creek.

The viewers in the petition for a county bridge in Scott township on the public road leading from Light Street to Mount Pleasant township were on motion continued to make their report at next term of court.

Lloyd Reifelderfer plead guilty to the charge of stealing six pigeons from Dan Witts in Morgantown. Sentenced to pay costs, $10 fine, and 30 days in jail.

Rule granted to show cause why proceedings against Thos. L. Bitler, charge fornication, should not be quashed.

Petition presented asking for a receiver in the limited partnership of Smith & Supplee Co.

Joseph O'Brien plead guilty to breaking into the D. L. & W. station, and Smith's store at Berwick. Defendant said he lived in Philadelphia, and had been in Berwick only five days. He was sentenced to pay the costs, $100 fine, and three years in the penitentiary.

The Gruver hotel case at Espy was postponed until February 15.

Hotel license of G. B. Remley at Light Street transferred to J. B. Keller.

The petition of Ida M. Stamm, guardian of the minor children of Amandus W. Stamm, deceased, was presented asking the Court to make an order allowing her to use $1.00 per week of their estate toward their maintenance. The petition was presented by W. C. Johnston, Esq., and the order prayed for was made by the Court.

In the matter of the lunacy proceedings of James Naughton, on motion of E. J. Flynn, Esq., Frank T. Smith was appointed a committee. Bond in the sum of $300 approved.

Upon petition of citizens of West Greenwood township, the election

Continued From Page 5.

AS OTHER SEE IT.

Some of Judge Krickbaum's Democratic enemies over in Columbia county are rejoicing because the court has accomplished what they were never able to do—the defeat of the old war horse. Because some election officers were derelict in their duty, the ballots cast by legal voters in good faith were thrown out. A man who would accept a title to an office in the face of an adverse majority, upon a technicality is a mighty small potato, and ought not to be considered for any public position. Whatever Judge Krickbaum's faults may be or may have been, he was always a loyal party man, which is more than can be said of most of those who are opposed to him, and if the management of the Democratic party gravitates into the hands of those who are now exulting over his defeat, we make the guess that another decade will see the Democratic majority in the county entirely wiped out.—*Milton Record.*

REPORT, EAST FOURTH STREET.

The viewers on the proposed extension of East Fourth street filed their report in Court Monday morning and assessed the following damages:

Damages—Boyd C. Evans $25; J. L. Wolverton $2288; William Thomas $1,170.

Benefits—John Mourey, $30; Wm. Hutton, 5 lots, $160; Grace Neal Hutton, $30; M. C. Jones, $30; Evangelical church, $60; F. R. Drake, $80; N. M. Dewitt, $40; J. M. Robbins, $800; M. M. Hartzel, $80; Lloyd Fox $40; E. J. Stetler, $40; P. K. Vanatta, $80; J. C. Wolf, $40; Harry John, $40; A. R. Kashner, $400; Charles Hartman, $40; Mrs. Albert Metzgar, $10; F. P. Keifer, $40; Davis Bros., $160.

Master Frank Pursel, son of Mr. and Mrs. F. P. Pursel, while sliding on the icy pavement on Market street below Fourth on Tuesday, fell down and broke one of the bones in his right leg above the ankle. He was removed to his home and Dr. Bierman set the broken bone.

THE OLD BOOKSELLER

By S. Rhett Roman.

Being fond of old books and rare volumes I often went down to look around Pere Gilbert's second-hand bookstore to delve and rummage about among the piled-up, musty volumes in its dark recesses, always being rewarded for my search by the discovery of some treasure. Sometimes I would sit for hours trying to decipher a half-effaced manuscript, some volume of ancient Langueloc or other dead and forgotten tongue.

Claire always helped me in my explorations, dashing to attend to any occasional buyer who might drop in. But, as I chose the late afternoon hours for my visits, we were rarely disturbed.

I fell into the pleasant habit of sauntering out to the small paved courtyard in the rear of the shop, there to sit and chat with Pere Gilbert in neighborly fashion. When night fell and the shop was closed Claire would join us. In summer time the scent of her box of flowers filled the air, and the stars coming out looked down curiously at us. In winter when it was too cold to linger out of doors I was a willing guest at their fireside in the little room made bright by Claire's presence.

"Why did you name her Claire?" I asked Pere Gilbert one evening when we both sat watching here while she watered her flowers and the pretty vine which grew purple bells high up against the enclosing walls.

"Because I asked her her name the winter night when I found her wandering on the river bank, chill and terrified, and she said something that sounded like Claire. It was the indistinct prattle of a sobbing infant."

"Yours was a most Christian deed," I said, watching the happy look of the young girl and her singular beauty.

"No! no!" disclaimed the old disbeliever in creeds. "Who would not bring from the streets and shelter a stray bird or a wandering dog? Who that had ever known the pangs of hunger and the awful cruelties of the world would refuse to care for and shield a poor little atom of humanity left by accident and a cruel fate homeless and defenceless?"

"By Jove! that is a handsome woman," Dave Cummings whispered to me one afternoon when he sauntered in to look me up as I was getting some notes in Pere Gilbert's bookstore—data on early ecclesiastical history. Of course, Claire was helping me, for her good memory and thorough familiarity with every book and pamphlet around was invaluable.

Dave was a good fellow, honorable, but no genius. I must say his bibliophile, while it surprised, did not please me.

In fact, I had always known Dave to be dull and persistently averse to reading, still more so to study. He had ignominiously failed in his examination at Yale, and only his millions and imperturbable good temper made him the popular clubman which he was.

Dave's tactics were primitive, but effective. He would get up a list of ancient and impossible books of which he knew nothing and cared less. Then he would go down to Pere Gilbert's and begin rummaging vigorously among the books, but he would soon stop, perch himself in a dilapidated stool, or on the steps of the small ladder. He would sometimes reach up to the top shelves and pretend to be much absorbed in the dusty volumes, then he would get down and start chatting with Claire, regardless of time, in his good-natured, straight-forward way, offering his services if he could be of any use to Pere Gilbert, which always made Claire's eyes grow soft and a pretty blush of gratitude rise to her face.

Then if it were late and no one was there, Dave would beg her to sing for him. And in return for his kind attention to Pere Gilbert, Claire would sing in a low voice, so as not to disturb the drowsy slumbers of the invalid by the fireside in the little parlor, some quaint ditties or Spanish love songs, of which she had an inexhaustible store.

"Perhaps you don't go about it in the right way," I said slowly to Dave one evening when he was tramping up and down my room in anxious distress. "The child has a fine nature and far more culture than most girls of her age in the highest circles. You have no close relations who might object to her on the score of unknown parentage. If you are so infatuated and are sure you can make her happy—I will plead your cause for you. I will try to induce her to marry you. She is a woman any man should be proud of; she is very unworldly and knows nothing of your extensive possessions. If you are convinced you can make her happy—I will use my friendship with Pere Gilbert to help you along."

I made the offer with bitter reluctance.

But looking toward the uncertain future to the clouds gathering over that defenceless young head, I deemed it the part of a true affection to ward off dangerous eventualities by urging the child to accept the haven offered her, where neither care nor anxiety could enter. Then again, Dave was a handsome fellow and had a simple, manly way with him very attractive to women.

How much did Claire care for him? A young girl's heart is an inscrutable mystery. But still—I thought I knew.

Of course, my own unpretentious home would open wide its doors to receive Claire and my heart would give her a glowing and exultant welcome, for she had crept in and now reigned supreme to the exclusion of aught else. God help me!

But I well knew that Claire cared but little for her dull friend, the taciturn scholar, whom she so fully and patiently helped to dig and delve among torn and musty authorities while the dim light in the little shop faded into night.

How sweetly and cheerily she would lend me her deft assistance. And how all too fast those pleasant hours sped by and winged their flight.

Pere Gilbert was fading away, slipping fast in the realm of unapproachable mysteries.

Winter had worn away and Dave Cummings' visits to Pere Gilbert's bookstore were almost daily, and the neighborhood was beginning to gossip as I well knew would be the case.

But why should I interfere to prevent Dave's infatuation and deepened into those swift flowing channels of the hour of separation so much dreaded.

So I told her how Dave was longing for admittance, and her loving old protector was fast approaching all her grief; how big-hearted and kind he was, and that with him she would find peace and content and beauty and her youth were far too joy in the years to come. That her great for her to brave unprotected, the buffets of the world when once the presence of her noble and loving old protector was withdrawn from her. And I pleaded with her to grant David's prayer.

With a low cry Claire tore her hands from mine, and, springing forward, knelt by the bedside where lay the withered form, the soft gray hair and gentle face of Pere Gilbert, that disbeliever of creeds and doctrines, whose true and noble spirit would soon reap the reward of its long years of patient, unswerving well-doing.

"What is it, little one?" he asked in a faint voice. "You must not weep to grieve the parting moments of your old Pere. See—I give you into the keeping of a good man. Our friend during all these beautiful years—since happiness came—into this poor abode—with the little child I brought here—in these arms. "He knows—that he holds—your heart, dearie.

"Give me your hand. It grows —dark—I would place it—in his," ed clasping her hands it mine.

"Claire! Claire! Child of light and beauty! Is this true?" I asked. "Kiss me, my own unprotected one! Stay with me! My heart is breaking," she whispered.

I held her little hands long and fast.

Yes, the Great Reaper was knocking for admittance, and her loving old protector was fast approaching the hour of separation so much dreaded.

But I claimed my own and Claire's heart was full to overflowing with love and gratitude for the one who had been more than a father to her.

Then I clasped in my arms a happiness almost too perfect for this earth! A happiness which ever since has made life one ceaseless paean of joy.—New Orleans Times-Democrat.

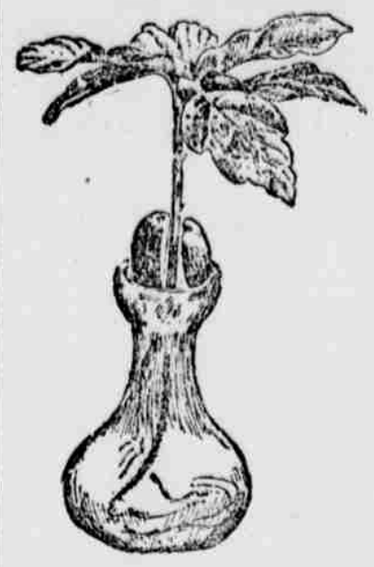
Use of Cement.

It is quite the thing, now, wherever cement or concrete blocks are used for building purposes to have them water proofed by an application of a prepared mixture. This compound makes the artificial stone impervious to moisture.

DID CLAIRE CARE FOR ME?

PLANTS FROM ACORNS.

May Be Placed in Water or in Moistened Stones.



PLANTS FROM ACORNS.

Choosing a Husband.

Mrs. Meade speaks wisely when she remarks that a girl should love the man she marries, and should desire a sufficient income. Mrs. Tooley points out the necessity of prudence, and Mrs. Humphrey Ward, with great practical wisdom (in my opinion) recommends girls to be careful who they make friends with. But there is something still further in the depths of a girl's consciousness, to be considered. The question of an income, of a good character, of love, even, are all, in a sense, side issues.

A girl will never choose a husband (if she can be said to choose anybody at all) because of any amount of wise advice showered upon her, although she may choose in accordance with the advice; for the simple reason that how great soever may be the virtues of a possible husband and how suitable soever the marriage, she will choose—that is, she will fall in love with the man that suits her temperament and who embodies the ideas or ideals—in the faith of which she has been brought up.

The question of choice goes further back than the girl's memory or the girl's will. It is largely a question of her own taste and character. In some ways one may say that the mother chooses her daughter's husband for her while the daughter is in the cradle. Bring up the girl in a certain way, give her certain habits of thought, certain instincts of refinement, certain aspects of faith, and it will not be difficult to predict the sort of man she will "choose."

Even if she makes a mistake at first, and thinks that she loves a man whose history and antecedents are altogether different from any that she has hitherto found admirable, she is likely to recover herself and find out that her chance of happiness is based on her fidelity to the old paths. And the man is, of course, equally bound by the conditions of his age, family and environment. It is so very much an instinctive and involuntary matter on both sides that I should think it about as useful to give advice to pairing birds as to young persons who wish to marry.

But, granted that their inclinations are thus predetermined, there is still hope that they, being reasonable human beings, will consider whether they ought to indulge these inclinations. I should advise a girl to remember that she must be able to trust a man as well as to love him; that she cannot hope to reform his bad habits; and that unless she is prepared to give up her own friends, her own opinions, and her own comfort for his sake, she does not love him well enough to become his wife. And it must not be forgotten that a girl's right of refusal is not quite the same thing as the right of choice.

However, when all is said and done, a girl has to be asked before she can choose, and lucky is the girl whom the right man asks—Adeline Sargeant.

HOUSEHOLD SUGGESTIONS.

When boiling cabbage, if a little vinegar in a dish is placed on the stove it will counteract the disagreeable odor.

When making boiled starch put in a little kerosene oil. It will keep the irons from sticking and give an extra gloss to the clothes.

To clean soiled wall paper slip a clean flour sack over a broom and dip in corn meal. This rubbed over the paper will clean it wonderfully.

Some of the skirts have hip yokes, from which the plaits start. The yoke is, in all cases, plain and tight-fitting.

PAMPERING AMERICAN GIRLS.

The Sense of Values is Lost by the Profusion of Presents.

The importance of the young woman in American society is out of all proportion to her achievements, and naturally, where such importance is the rule, the social tone, however "gay," is unintellectual and devoid of the mellowness which makes the formal intercourse of human beings an institution. Instead of being taught in childhood that her business is to serve, and that her only chance of happiness is in service, she is virtually taught that everything must be done for her. The rewards of a woman's existence——love, respect deference—are thus placed at the wrong end of life. To begin with, the sense of values is lost by the profusion of Christmas, Easter, and birthday presents showered upon her every year. As Whately said of literary style: "He who accentuates everything accentuates nothing."

In such extravagance the beauty of simplicity disappears and beside the luxury of such a girlhood the gifts of nature and of common human life less their preciousness. A glorious sunset, the mighty miracle of stars the treasures of noble poetry—the heritage of human kind—what are these to most debutantes compared with a spectacle of colored lights at the theatre? Space fails to show up the theme—to speak, for instance, of the approximation of the life of girls to that of their elders in dress and entertainments, which is but a part of the lavish and unappreciative idolatry that attends from cradle to altar—none the less a monstrous folly that it is committed to the name of parental love.—The Century.

Dinner Gown of Cloth.

Pale mauve face cloth combined with lace dyed in the same shade and narrow bands of broad-tail make up a tout-ensemble of delightful chic in this dinner gown. The bodice claims attention on account of the very graceful berths of dyed lace medallions, set upon a background of coarse Brussels net, while below the applique there is a narrow fold of broadtail. Above the bertha is a charming yoke of pure white embroidered lace, cut in one with a choker collar. The girdle is of cloth arranged in narrow bias folds stitched over each other with pipings of very fine soutache braid. The sleeves show the new wrinkled effect to the elbows, where they are finishd with bands of broadtail combined with lace and underpuffs to match the yoke.

The skirt is arranged in plaited panels, fitting with perfect smoothness about the hips. At the bottom there are appliques of dyed Cluny, which appear above folds of the cloth piped with soutache braid.

Mauve is very fashionable this season for house gowns and combined with black is constituted a color scheme equally appropriate for functional as well as mourning wear. The waist

DINNER GOWN OF CLOTH.

line that is slightly elevated, rather by the girdle and its trimming, than by the actual cut of the bodice leaves a trace of the graceful Empire effects which linger among ultra-smart folds, and will no doubt be seen all season.

Abuse of Perfume.

There is scarcely anything more disagreeable than an overscented atmosphere; yet, unfortunately, the woman who knows the quantity of scent which will enhance the charm of her presence and the amount which will prove quite the reverse is very rare.

The woman who offends by besprinkling herself too lavishly with some exotic scent probably does not suspect the enormity of which she is guilty. The overscented woman is usually the middle-class individual, who has no maid at hand to superintend the important and difficult part of her toilet.

The society woman seldom errs on the side of exaggeration. The delicate, subtle aroma which emanates from the clothes of the society beauty it not, however, mnaaged without much care and a good deal of expense.

The woman who cannot afford more costly perfumes will do well to pin her faith to the ever-popular lavender.

900 DROPS
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A Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS / CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of Old Dr SAMUEL PITCHER
Pumpkin Seed -
Alx. Senna +
Rochelle Salts -
Anise Seed +
Peppermint -
Bi Carbonate Soda +
Worm Seed -
Clarified Sugar
Wintergreen Flavor
A perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and LOSS OF SLEEP.
Fac Simile Signature of
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DOSES - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of
In Use For Over Thirty Years
CASTORIA
THE CENTAUR COMPANY, NEW YORK CITY.

THE EFFECT OF OPIUM.

Its Victims Are Unable to Work Hard or Apply Their Minds.

I heard little about the beautiful dreams and visions which opium is supposed to bring; all the smokers with whom I talked could be roughly divided into two classes—those who smoked in order to relieve pain or misery, and those miserable victims who smoked to relieve the acute physical distress brought on by the opium itself. Probably the majority of the victims take it up as a temporary relief; many begin in early childhood—the mother will have the baby whiff to stop its crying. It is a social vice only among the upper classes. The most notable outward effect of this indulgence is the resulting physical weakness and lassitude. The opium smoker cannot work hard; he finds it difficult to apply his mind to a problem or his body to a task. As the habit becomes firmly fastened on him, there is a perceptible weakening of his moral fibre; he shows himself unequal to emergencies which make any sudden demand upon him. If opium is denied him, he will lie and steal in order to obtain it.

Opium smoking is a costly vice. A pipeful of a moderately good native product costs more than a laborer can earn in a day; consequently the poorer classes smoke an unspeakable compound based on pipe scrapings and charcoal. Along the highroads the coolies even scrape the grime from the packsaddles to mix with this dross. The clerk earning from twenty-five to fifty Mexican dollars a month will frequently spend from $10 to $20 a month on opium. The typical confirmed smoker is a man who spends a considerable part of the night in smoking himself to sleep, and all the next morning in sleeping off the effects. If he is able to work at all, it is only during the afternoon, and even at that there will be many days when the official or merchant is incompetent to conduct his affairs. Thousands of prominent men are ruined every year.

The Cantonese have what they call "The Ten Cannots Regarding the Opium Smoker": "He cannot (1) give up the habit, (2) enjoy sleep, (3) wait for his turn when sharing his pipe with his friends, (4) rise early, (5) be cured if sick, (6) help relations in need, (7) enjoy wealth, (8) plan anything, (9) get credit even when an old customer, (10) walk any distance."—Success Magazine.

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beautifully illustrated, good stories and articles about California and all the Far West. $1.50 a year

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devoted each month to the artistic reproduction of the best work of amateur and professional photographers. $1.00 a year

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All for $1.50
Address all orders to
SUNSET MAGAZINE
Flood Building San Francisco

Thaw Not Guilty.

Harry K. Thaw, who has been on trial in New York City for the killing of Stanford White, was adjudged not guilty on the grounds of insanity by the jury which returned its verdict shortly before noon on Saturday. Justice Dowling immediately had Thaw committed to the Matteawan insane asylum, as he considered him a dangerous person to be at large.

NASAL CATARRH, an inflamation of the delicate membrane lining the air-passages, is not cured by any mixtures taken into the stomach. Don't waste time on them. Take Ely's Cream Balm through the nostrils, so that the fevered, swollen tissues are reached at once. Never mind how long you have suffered nor how often you have been disappointed, we know Ely's Cream Balm is the remedy you should use. All druggists, 50c. Mailed by Ely Bros., 56 Warren Street, New York.

A boy stands a fairly good chance of not being spoiled if his grandmothers are both dead.

Sick Wives and Daughters.

You have often seen them with pale faces, poor appetite, head and back ache, symptoms common to the sex. Fathers and mothers, lose no time in securing Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. It will cost only one dollar and is much cheaper than sickness. Write to Dr. David Kennedy's Sons, Rondout, N. Y., for a free sample bottle.

It is doubtful if even the people who don't live in glass houses should throw stones.

In all the various weaknesses, displacements, prolapsus, inflamation and debilitating, catarrhal drains and in all cases of nervousness and debility, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the most efficient remedy that can possibly be used. It has to its credit hundreds of thousands of cures—more in fact than any other remedy put up for sale through druggists, especially for woman's use. The ingredients of which "Favorite Prescription" is composed have received the most positive endorsement from the leading medical writers on Materia Medica of all the several schools of practice. All the ingredients are printed in plain English on the wrapper enclosing the bottle, so that any woman making use of this famous medicine may know exactly what she is taking. Dr. Pierce takes his patients into his full confidence, which he can afford to do as the formula after which the "Favorite Prescription" is made will bear the most careful examination.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets are the best and safest laxative for women.

Trespass Notices.

Card signs "No Trespassing" for sale at this office. They are printed in accordance with the late act of 1903. Price 5 cents each. tf

A Reliable Remedy FOR CATARRH
Ely's Cream Balm
Is quickly absorbed. Gives Relief at Once. It cleanses, soothes, heals and protects the diseased membrane resulting from Catarrh and drives away a Cold in the Head quickly. Restores the Senses of Taste and Smell. Full size 50 cts. at Druggists or by mail. Liquid Cream Balm for use in atomizers 75 cts. Ely Brothers, 56 Warren Street, New York.

List of Jurors for February Term.

PETIT JURORS—Second Week.

1 Ashley, Mayberry, far. Cata. Twp.
2 Baker, Alphonzo, lab'er, Cata. Boro.
3 Billig, Edward, laborer, Cata. Boro.
4 Deharen, Wm. puddler, Briarcreek
5 Eves, Orville, farmer, Greenwood
6 Edgar, Jonas, farmer, Greenwood
7 Flemmings, Wesley, R.R. man, Montour
8 Gordner, I. O., farmer, Pine
9 Grimes, Warren J., laborer, Cata. T.
10 Herrington, Frank, merchant, Sugarloaf
11 Hess, M. Brittan, far., Jackson
12 Jacoby, LeGrand, ins., agt., Bwk.
13 Keller, M. L., farmer, Scott
14 Klinger, McClellen, lab., Benton T.
15 Klinger, Gideon, lab., Briarcreek
16 Langfield, W. M., mail man, Heml'k
17 Laubach, Wilbur, far., Sugarloaf
18 Mausteller, Clark D., far., Locust
19 Mulligan, Michael, grocery, Cent.
20 Martin, S. B. farmer, Cata. T.
21 Parker, J. B., laborer, Greenwood
22 Rishton, W. S., dru gist, Bloom
23 Rupp, Harmon, lab., Cleveland
24 Robbins, Robert M., far. Greenwood
25 Remley, Levi, lumberman, Centre
26 Sands, C. L., gent, Mt. Pleasant
27 Shuman, Robert, laborer, Beaver
28 Smith, Harry, farmer, Jackson
29 Shaffer, Hiram, farmer, Scott
30 Smith, Cyrus, moulder, Berwick
31 Searles, Ed., painter, Bloom
32 Thomas, Clark, far., Mt. Pleasant
33 Wright, Jackson, mfg., Benton B.
34 Wetherall, Davis, lab., Madison
35 Walter, Henry E., undertaker, Bwk
36 Wolf, Harry, butcher, Millville

TRIAL LIST.

February Term.

SECOND WEEK.

Henry Hinterliter vs. Daniel Derr, and Clinton Derr, trespass.

H. M. Yocum vs. Columbia County, appeal from assessment of damages.

John Atherholt and Lillie Atherholt vs. Chas. Hughes, assumpsit.

A. H. Yetter and Geo. Yetter vs. Jeremiah Longenberger, ejectment.

J. W. Adams vs. Wm. Adams, trespass.

J. L. Reece vs. J. F. Lemon, assumpsit, appeal from award of arbitrators.

Com. of Penna. to use of Zua A. Guie vs. Daniel Knorr et al., assumpsit.

W. P. Vanderslice, Clara A. Vanderslice and H. L. Vanderslice vs. The S. B. and B. Ry. Co., appeal from award of viewers.

Thos. Mensch vs. S. H. and W. B. Ry. Co. and Penna. R. R. Co., lessee of S. H. and W. B. Ry. Co., trespass.

Lena Blass vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

Lloyd Fox vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

Catawissa Catherine Carr vs. The Lehigh Valley Coal Co., trespass.

Hannah Coleman vs. The S. B. and B. R. R. Co., trespass.

Joseph H. Slusser vs. The Penna. R. R. Co., trespass.

Geo. Newhall Engineering Co., Limited, vs. Penna. Paper Mills Co. and James B. Watson, receiver of the Penna. Paper Mills, sci. fa. sur. mechanics lien.

Samuel Longenberger vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

Minor S. Munson vs. Harman Breish, trespass.

Rathbone, Sard and Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co., assumpsit.

The Fairbanks Co. vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co., assumpsit.

Archer Averill vs. The Boro. of Berwick, appeal from award of viewers.

Geo. F. Craig vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

Clark H. Hower et al. vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

A. B. Croop vs. The P. and R. Ry. Co., trespass.

Albright Son and Co., vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co., assumpsit.

Goldsmith Accountants vs. Berwick Consolidated Gas Co., assumpsit.

W. C. Stevenson vs. Creasy and Wells, trespass.

R. H. Mowery vs. A. L. Folk, Henry Folk and G. H. Fry, assumpsit.

Gordon G. Keller vs. A. L. Folk, Henry Folk and G. H. Fry, assumpsit.

Freas C. Kistler vs. The S. B. and B. R. R. Co., trespass.

B. H. Dodson vs. O. M. Hess, assumpsit.

State of Ohio, City of Toledo, } ss.
Lucas County.

Frank J. Cheney makes oath that he is senior partner of the firm of F. J. Cheney & Co., doing business in the City of Toledo, County and State aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOLLARS for each and every case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by the use of Hall's Catarrh Cure. FRANK J. CHENEY.

Sworn to before me and subscribed in my presence, this 6th day of December, A. D. 1886.

(SEAL.) A. W. GLEASON, Notary Public.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, and acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Send for testimonials free.

Address F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O.

Sold by all Druggists, 75c.

Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

Most people know that if they have been sick they need *Scott's Emulsion* to bring back health and strength.

But the strongest point about *Scott's Emulsion* is that you don't have to be sick to get results from it.

It keeps up the athlete's strength, puts fat on thin people, makes a fretful baby happy, brings color to a pale girl's cheeks, and prevents coughs, colds and consumption.

Food in concentrated form for sick and well, young and old, rich and poor.

And it contains no drugs and no alcohol.

ALL DRUGGISTS; 50c. AND $1.00.

MONKEYS WHICH ACT LIKE MEN.

Die of Broken Hearts, Commit Suicide, Get Drunk and Are Arrested.

Why do men act like monkeys, and why do monkeys sometimes act like men?

That question, in all seriousness, is receiving earnest consideration from Prof. B. G. Wilder, B. S., M. D., biologist of Corbell University, and other scientists who are endeavoring to trace the associate motive which prompt monkeys to die of broken hearts, to commit suicide, to become intoxicated and disorderly, and to get arrested and sent to jail just like some human beings.

Prof. Wilder is confining his investigation particularly to Petro Barbuza, a remarkably intelligent

PETRO GOES TO JAIL.

chimpanzee, which was arrested after a protracted spree at Sayerville, N. J., and sentenced to the Middlesex County Jail at New Brunswick, N. J., for thirty days. He wrote first to Warden Charles Rogers of the Middlesex Jail, to get a history of the monkey's crimes, its pedigree and all the facts obtainable. He purposes to follow this up by a personal study of the monkey and by an examination of the animal's brain, in case Petro should die.

Petro, it is said, inherited a passion for alcoholic liquors from its father and has indulged whenever the opportunity presented itself. In its cups the chimpanzee was the soul of humor and mischief, which found vent in the uprooting of beds of flowers, playing "Peeping Tom" at second story windows, from the tops of telegraph poles, dropping pebbles and sticks on passersby and acting generally like one possessed of considerable brain and ingenuity, if not sense.

It is suspected that some of Petro's human acquaintances, knowing the animal's weakness, made it possible for the chimpanzee to imbibe more freely than was good for it. In consequence, it is said, Petro, previous to his arrest a few days ago, has been on a protracted spree, during which it had made life burdensome to several of the more timid residents of the town of Sayersville. Finally at the request of a person whose flower was released under a suspension of sentence. At last reports it was still behaving itself, probably being aware that it was under scientific investigation.

POLLY AT THE TYPEWRITER.

The sentence imposed was thirty days, but after three or four days' incarceration Petro's owner put up a bond undertaking to make the monkey keep the peace and Petro was released from jail at New Brunswick, that same day, a policeman took little Petro into custody and after the complaint had read his sentence in court the monkey was sent to the county jail at New Brunswick, that being considered the best place for the animal for the time being.

"If Captain goes down in the history of monkeydom," said Dr. W. Reed Blair, the physician in charge of the monkey house at the Bronx Park Zoological Park, "Captain will be remembered as the most intelligent monkey that has recently been added to the collection. Unlike Jakab, Captain did not ride a bicycle, nor like Polly, could it operate a typewriter, and unlike Mimi, its affinity, Captain was not very good at counting. Captain was, in fact, just a well-behaved orang-outang, displaying at times a great deal of intelligence and lavishing at all times all its affection on its sweetheart Mimi.

"Captain soon began to lose his appetite. In fact, nothing could tempt him to eat. I gave him hot-house grapes, choice liquors, rare plums and malt, but he refused to be coaxed to eat, and it is a rather serious case when an orang-outang won't eat."

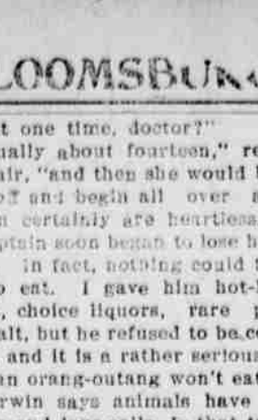
"Darwin says animals have love-charms and love-calls. Is that true?"

"Yes, and the monkeys when in love are coy, jealous and show individual preferences and admiration for beauty."

Curator R. L. Ditmar, of the Zoo, said that the monkeys always showed great grief when separated from their monkey friends.

"Why if August and Baldy, the two new chimpanzees, were separated they would die," declared Keeper Reilly. Come with me and see how they act when separated."

The keeper went behind the cage and opened the sliding door. He then took Baldy out and shut the door, leaving August alone in the cage. Baldy's eyes filled and then



RAJAH ON A BICYCLE.

both monkeys began screeching and tugging at the little door to open it again. When the door was opened Baldy darted inside and the two monkeys embraced each other like human beings, chattering meanwhile like two reunited friends who had not met in years.

"Several other instances are on record in which monkeys have died of a broken heart. One of these was Jakey, of the New York Central Park menagerie. This little monkey lived for twenty-four years in the Zoo and was one of he happiest and liveliest inmates of the monkey-house. In June, 1904, Jakey and his mate, Meliss, were separateed, and from that time Jakey's health began to fail The animal grew sullen and morose and within a week was dead. The keepers said Jakey had died of a broken heart.

Dude, a member of the troupe of trick monkeys which appeard at Glen Island in 1903, died of a broken heart because after a surgical operation which involved shaving the Simian's face, the other members of the troupe shunned him.

Several months ago Robert Darwin a four-year-old monkey, a member of the Zoo company at Overton Park, Memphis, Tenn., committed suicide by deliberately lying down on the track in front of an approaching street car. Darwin had been suffering from a contagious disease and had been put in a cage remote from his companions. The monkey became melancholy and finally escaped from its cage. It hid for several days in the wooded district of the park and then made its way to the park approach and flung itself on the track in front of an approaching car.

Jennie McGregor, a small pet monkey belonging to Thomas McMasters, who keeps a saloon on Central Avenue, Jersey City, got into the barroom in the middle of the night and became so intoxicated that she almost died. Before succumbing to an injudicious mixture of whiskey, beer, gin, brandy and bitters, she did considerable damage to the saloon, especially the glassware.

The exploits of a fugitive monkey which wrecked a flat in the Rue Blanche, Paris, a few weeks ago, in a fit of violent passion, recall the ferocious orang-outang in Edgar Allen Poe's story of "The Murders in the Rue Morgue."

Like the orang-outang, the monkey escaped from its owner and clambered into a strange house, where it destroyed valuable articles with almost diabolical thoroughness

When Mr. MacDonald, an English teacher, entered his fourth floor flat in the Rue Blanche he was confronted with a remarkable scene of ruin. Hats, coats and boots, were strewn about the hall floor in confusion. He walked into the kitchen and found every piece of crockery smashed. Broken plates and bottles littered the table, chairs and floor, knives and forks were wedged in the fireplace, and provisions of various kinds were mixed together in a most unpleasant manner.

Mr. MacDonald's desk had been plundered and valuable papers strewn about the floor, some of them ruined by ink. In spite of the widespread damage no valuables had been taken from the flat. It was evident that ordinary burglars were not responsible, and Mr. MacDonald had no enemies who would destroy his effects out of revenge. He called in the police.

Investigation proved that a pet monkey with the appropriate name of "Coroner," had escaped from a house in the same street. It was evident that, after breaking the cord which confined him to a third floor room, he had clambered along the roofs to the apartment house in which Mr. MacDonald lived, and entered the kitchen through an open window.

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Veterinary Specifics cure diseases of Horses, Cattle, Sheep, Dogs, Hogs and Poultry by acting directly on the SICK PARTS without loss of time.

A. A. CURES } FEVERS, Congestions, Inflammations, Lung Fever, Milk Fever.
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50c. each; Stable Case, Ten Specifics, Book, &c., $7. At druggists, or sent prepaid on receipt of price. Humphreys' Medicine Co., Cor. William and John Streets, New York.

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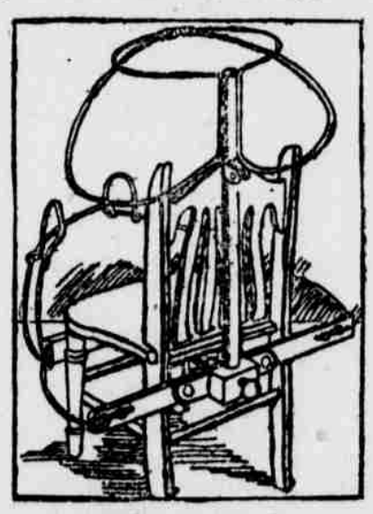
VAPOR BATH APPARATUS.

Frame to Support Covering Surrounding the Patient.

For breaking and curing a cold no remedy equals the good old hot foot bath recommended and used by our grandmothers. Nevertheless, the method of taking the foot bath could be improved, as suggested by an apparatus recently patented by a Washington man. As shown in the illustration, this vapor bath apparatus is far superior to the metal cabinets now in use. The apparatus consists of an ordinary chair, to which is attached a wire frame. The purpose of the latter is to support a



VAPORS CONFINED.

suitable covering which, when placed over the frame, will entirely surround the person seated in the chair. The receptacle containing the hot water is placed in front of the chair close to the feet. Vapors arising from the hot water, instead of escaping into the room, will be confined within the covering and come in contact with the person in the chair. The framework is adjustable, so that the covering can be arranged as close to the body as desired.

Darkness at Noon.

Glasgow was visited by great darkness at noon the other day. Street lamps were lighted and shops had to switch on the electric light. The darkness was as black as night.

Columbia & Montour El. Ry.

TIME TABLE IN EFFECT
June 1 1904, and until further notice.

Cars leave Bloom for Espy, Almedia, Lime Ridge, Berwick and intermediate points as follows:

A. M. ¶5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, 9:40, 10:20, 11:00, 11:40.

*P. M. 12:20, 1:00, 1:40, 2.20, 3:00, 3:40, 4:20, 5:00, 5:40, 6:20, 7:00, 7:40, 8:20, 9:00, *(9:40) 10:20 *(11:00)

Leaving depart from Berwick one hour from time as given above, commencing at 6:00 a. m.

Leave Bloom for Catawissa A. M. 5:30, 6:15, †7:00, †8:00, 9:00, †10:00, †11:00, 12:00.

P. M. 1:00, †2:00, 3:00, 4:00, 5:00, 6:00, †7:00, 8:00, 9:00, 10:20, *(11:00)

Cars returning depart from Catawissa 20 minutes from time as given above.

First car leaves Market Square for Berwick on Sundays at 7:00 a. m.

First car for Catawissa Sundays 7:00 a. m.

First car from Berwick for Bloom Sundays leaves at 8:00 a. m.

First car leaves Catawissa Sundays at 7 30 a. m.

¶From Power House.
*Saturday night only.
†P. R. R. Connection.

WM. TERWILLIGER, Superintendent.

Bloomsburg & Sullivan Railroad.

Taking Effect May 1st 1906, 12:05 a. m.

NORTHWARD.

	21				
	A.M.	P.M.	P.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	
Bloomsburg D L & W...	9 00	2 37	6 15	6
Bloomsburg P & R.....	9 02	2 39	6 17	...
Bloomsburg Main St....	9 05	2 42	6 20	....
Paper Mill.....	9 15	2 52	6 30	6 20
Light Street.....	9 18	2 55	6 34	6 23
Orangeville.....	9 26	3 03	6 43	6 50
Forks.....	9 36	3 13	6 53	7 08
Zaners.....	‖9 40	‖3 17	6 57	7 15
Stillwater.....	9 48	3 25	7 03	7 46
Benton.....	9 56	3 33	7 13	8 10
Edsons.....	‖10 00	‖3 37	‖7 17	8 20
Coles Creek.....	‖10 03	‖3 40	‖7 21	8 56
Laubachs.....	‖10 08	‖3 45	‖7 8.	8 40
Grass Mere Park.....	‖1000	‖3 47	‖7 28	....
Central.....	10 15	3 52	7 41	9 05
Jamison City.....	10 18	3 55	7 45	9 15

SOUTHWARD.

	22				
	A.M.	A.M.	P.M.	A.M.	A.M.
	†	†	†	†	†
Jamison City....	5 56	10 48	4 35	7 00	11 30
Central.....	5 58	10 51	4 38	7 03	11 45
Grass Mere Park	‖6 01	‖7 13	‖4 47	‖11 00	.....
Laubachs.....	‖6 03	‖11 08	‖4 48	‖7 13	11 52
Coles Creek.....	‖6 12	‖11 06	‖4 53	‖7 22	12 05
Edsons.....	‖6 14	‖11 09	‖4 56	‖7 24	12 10
Benton.....	6 18	11 13	5 00	7 28	12 35
Stillwater.....	6 28	11 21	5 08	7 38	12 45
Zaners.....	‖6 35	‖11 29	‖5 17	‖7 45	12 58
Forks.....	6 39	11 33	5 21	7 49	1 00
Orangeville.....	6 50	11 4	5 31	8 00	1 30
Light Street.....	7 00	11 50	39	8 10	1 45
Paper Mill.....	6 03	11 53	5 42	8 13	1 50
Bloom. Main St..	7 13	12 02	5 53	8 23	2 05
Bloom. P & R....	7 18	12 05	5 55	8 28	2 10
Bloom. D L & W.	7 20	12 10	6 00	8 30	2 15

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† Daily except Sunday. ‡ Daily § Sunday only. ‖ Flag stop. W. C. SNYDER, Supt

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TAKE ONE of the Little Tablets AND THE PAIN IS GONE.

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THE COLUMBIA DEMOCRAT.

ESTABLISHED 1837. CONSOLIDATED 1869

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All communications should be addressed THE COLUMBIAN, Bloomsburg, Pa.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1908

DEMOCRATIC CANDIDATES.

FOR COUNTY TREASURER.
W. B. SNYDER
of Locust Township.

THE NATIONAL CAPITOL.

(Special Correspondence.)

Washington, D. C., Feb. 4, 1908.

Bourke Cockran of New York gave the Republicans something like "the rickies," on Monday. Commenting on the President's remarkable message of last Friday, he affirmed every proposition of Mr. Roosevelt as to the evils which have naturally and logically grown out of the vicious policies of the Republican party and added that there are only two men in the country capable of coping with and conquering these evil influences. One of these, he continued has voluntarily taken himself out of the equation, meaning Roosevelt, who has declared that he will not accept another election. "The other," he continued, "is William Jennings Bryan." If ever there was a subdued and disgusted group of men on the face of the earth, it was that which composes the Republican majority in the House.

This wonderful message of the President has been a thorn in the Republican flesh of Congress. When it was read in the House on Friday it was cheered vociferously by the Democrats and listened to with disgust by the Republicans. And, by the way, the alert young Democratic Congressman from your district, John G. McHenry, led the applause. At the outset of the message the President urges the reenactment of the employers' liability act, recently declared unconstitutional by the Supreme Court, with such modifications as will overcome the objections of the court. Mr. McHenry, who has been trying to get some legislation along similar lines, for the benefit of labor, expressed his approval by mildly applauding. At the next expression of Democratic policies Mr. McHenry again applauded and was joined by some of his Democratic colleagues. Finally the House fully abandoned itself to enthusiasm.

At first the Republicans sullenly scowled at this demonstration. Soon it became too hot for them and they rushed to the cloak room. But the excitement drew them back and then they were taunted until in self-protection they joined feebly and without feeling in the applause. It was a curious spectacle and without a parallel in the history of Congress. As a rule the party of the President applauds his messages and the others remain silent. But this message was such a scathing arraignment of the policies of the Republican party that conditions were entirely reversed. The Republicans with practical unanimity felt that their plans were being held up to popular execration. Yet they understood that the vast majority of the people think just what Roosevelt said and they were afraid to withhold approval altogether. They were literally between the devil and the deep sea.

But while many of the assertions contained in the message express Democratic policies and all the arraignments of the Republican party are true, the message is not altogether admirable. It was not conceived in patriotism or uttered for a lofty purpose. Its language is in many respects imperialistic, moreover. The President scolds Congress, which he has no right to do. He threatens, which is a crime against the Constitution, and he rants, which is bad form always. Opinions differ, too, as to the influencing cause of the outbreak. Some intelligent and widely experienced men believe that his purpose was to promote the interests of Taft in New York and others are quite confident that his idea was to resuscitate the third term corpse. Neither would be commendable in a President.

Those who contend that his purpose was to help Taft point to the fact that he mentions the Secretary of War's name as recommending legislation in the interest of labor. The gravest objection to Taft is his record on the labor question. He was the first Judge to invoke the injunction as a force to restrain strikers, and organized labor has ever since held him as its arch-enemy. Besides Friday night had been fixed on as the time for Governor Hughes to formally announce his candidacy for the nomination and Teddy thought it would be a clever trick to take the centre of the stage and draw attention to Taft rather than to Hughes on the occasion. It wasn't altogether a bad idea either for the next morning Roosevelt had the big type and front page of all the newspapers and Hughes got small space in obscure corners. Still I think that those who took the trouble to read both thought well of Hughes in the end.

The theory that he was simply trying to revive the third term project is not without plausible arguments either. Everybody in Washington knows that Roosevelt would rather have another election to the Presidency than a choice seat in heaven and that he has been as mad as a hornet ever since he was forced to the last declaration that he would not accept the nomination. Many believe that his abuse of what he calls the "predatory wealth" is more for the reason that those "very rich malefactors" made his re-election impossible than because they have despoiled the country. Even his last declaration had a sort of a string to it and he was chagrined that the public took him at his word. In any event he is not the striking figure that he used to be and he doesn't like the change.

The effect of his message on Congress is conjectural and the subject of a good deal of mental speculation. If the Republican Senators and Representatives thought he would not "come back again" they would promptly tell him "to go," and leave the completion of the phrase to himself. But they have a dread of more messages of that kind and because of that may make a pretense of carrying out some of his suggestions and trust to luck for the result of their ultimate failure.

G. D. H.

Why Refer to Doctors

Because we make medicines for them. We tell them all about Ayer's Cherry Pectoral, and they prescribe it for coughs, colds, bronchitis, consumption. They trust it. Then you can afford to trust it. Ask your own doctor.

The best kind of a testimonial—"Sold for over sixty years."

Made by J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass. Also manufacturers of

Ayer's SARSAPARILLA. PILLS. HAIR VIGOR.

We have no secrets! We publish the formulas of all our medicines.

Ayer's Pills greatly aid the Cherry Pectoral in breaking up a cold.

WASHINGTON

From our Regular Correspondent.

Washington, D. C., Feb. 3, 1908.

William Jennings Bryan is still the most popular man, so far as the Democratic Presidential nomination is concerned, that has yet been mentioned. In spite of the assertions that Mr. Bryan was to be told while he was in Washington he must give way to some other Democrat for the Presidential contest, it is obvious that the word has not been given to him yet and it is doubted now if any one can be found willing to act as spokesman among the few senators who do not wish to see Mr. Bryan again lead the party. Mr. Bryan himself is convinced that this year is the appointed time for a Democratic victory with himself as the candidate. He declares that his attitude on the financial situation has undergone no change since previous utterances. He still favors Treasury and not national bank notes for emergency issue and says that this was the good, old fundamental principle laid down by Jefferson and Jackson, and that the good faith of the government should be behind these notes.

Senator Daniel and some of the more rapid anti-Bryan men are hoping to profit by the spectacle presented by the republicans of having their candidate left in doubt through a multitude of "favorite sons", and have by no means yet abandoned hope of being able to encompass Mr. Bryan's defeat for the nomination at Denver. Their idea is that if a goodly number of states can be induced to present candidates, the total strength may be so distributed as to make the selection of Bryan impossible.

***

Among the multifarious bills introduced in Congress is one to place a "tax of twenty-five per cent on all doweries paid by girls or their parents in exchange for a title," which called forth much eloquence on the part of Representative Chas. McGavin of Illinois, one day this week. His speech brought forth much applause from both sides of the House and has made for him a reputation as a champion of American men as against titled foreigners. In the course of his speech he said, "I have reference only to those who have a monocle on their eyes, and an idiotic look upon their faces, those who have neither the disposition to be good, nor the ability to do harm."

***

President Roosevelt issued a proclamation, last week, on the tariff agreement negotiated between France and the United States under the authority of Section 3 of the Dingley tariff act, which authorizes the President to arrange reciprocal trade agreements with foreign countries. The agreement was signed by Elihu Root for the President, and by M. J. J. Jusserand, the French Ambassador, on the part of France, and it will not be submitted to the Senate for ratification but will go into effect on February 1st. The most important feature of the agreement is the abatement of 20 per cent. on the duty on champagne imported into the United States, and France in turn agreed to impose only her minimum rates of duty on Porto Rican coffee and mineral oils. Under the terms of the agreement, a board of three experts of each country is to be appointed to investigate and report upon the customs administration systems of both countries. The tariff agreement will remain in force until the President of either country gives notice to the other country.

***

The present expectation is that the Aldrich financial bill, which was reported to the Senate this week, will be taken up for debate on February 10th, and kept steadily before the Senate as the unfinished business until it is disposed of. Senator Aldrich, who will of course engineer the measure, after making a careful survey of the situation as regards probable debate, is of the opinion that more than two weeks will be consumed in discussing it. The announcement of Mr. Bryan's attitude toward the Aldrich bill, made during his recent visit to the capitol, is taken as an indication that Democratic opposition to the measure will be of short duration. The conference of Democratic Senators, on Saturday last, developed a policy against any measure but one of an emergency nature, and there has been a tacit understanding among the minority that proposed radical financial remedies will have to be brushed aside for the present.

***

An amusing and most unusual incident occured in the House of Representatives last week. The chaplain had barely finished his morning prayer when hand clapping and laughter were heard from various directions. The prayer was as follows:

"Good Lord, deliver us, we beseach Thee, from the jingo, the demagogue, the bigot and all other desirable citizens, and give us instead the patriot, the statesman, the broad-minded, the generous-hearted, manly man, that Thy kingdom may come and Thy will be done on earth as it is in heaven, for Christ's sake, Amen."

The prayer was the talk of the House for an hour or more after its delivery, and many of the Republican members declared that the visit of William J. Bryan had something to do with it, but the Democrats when confronted with this suggestion declared the chaplain was taking politics into the pulpit.

CASTORIA.

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bloomsburg Souvenir Books, 48 half tone pictures, 25 cents, at the COLUMBIAN office. tf.

A Healthy Sign of the Times.

It is said that *Lippincott's* is one of the fortunate few magazines to thrive in spite of "depression times." People seem to realize that such a bargain—twelve first-quality novels a year—is not a luxury, but a necessity. Hence they feel justified in holding on to this safe investment with its big-paying dividends. *Lippincott's* is sometimes referred to as "a sure thing," and in America this expression covers a good deal—all of which must be highly gratifying to its publishers.

A glance at the February contents guarantees its popularity and explains its prosperity under these adverse conditions. "The Woman He Loved," Marie van Vorst's new novel, appears complete in that number. "Jimmie Bulstrode" figures in this new story; he has made many friends in short-stories which have appeared in *Harper's* and *Scribner's*, so that a new edition of this jolly bachelor bids fair to meet with an ovation from old and new acquaintances. The scenes of "The Woman He Loved" are laid about the estate of the Duke of Westboro' in England. The Duke is estranged from his American wife, and Bulstrode's tender heart—made tenderer, perhaps, by a seemingly hopeless love affair of his own—lets the troubles of his friends trouble him to the extent of evolving a plan to smooth out their differences. How kind fate helps along his scheme, incidentally rewarding the benefactor, notwithstanding interesting complications which threaten to wreck his craft, makes a deeply absorbing tale, while the vibrant, magnetic style of the author charms to the very verge of hypnotism.

The *Lippincott* short stories are marked by wide variety. In February there are four distinctly lively plots. Thomas L. Mason contributes one of his wittiest under the title "A Story That Went Wrong." Elsie Singmaster's story of domestic life among the Pennsylvania-German people, "Mrs. Weimer's Gift of Tongues," possesses fine subtle humor. "The Widow Smith's Dog," by William R. Lighton, is a funny tale of ward politics and "the woman." A clever and amusing sketch by Harold Susman is "Chatterton." Minna Thomas Antrim deftly mingles pathos and humor in her story. "The Questionings of Don;" and a remarkably powerful story of heroism in the army is "Rakes," by Will Leyington Comfort.

Insomnia prevails so generally that it is safe to say the paper on "Sleeplessness," by George Lincoln Walton, M. D., will be eagerdevoured by thousands of sufferers—as well as by the many more who can sleep, and want to help their afflicted friends to the same blessed restorative. Dr. Walton gives some new practical advice toward this end.

Ezra Brudno modestly sub-titles his paper on "The Twentieth Century Jew" by the words "An Observation." His article evidences most acute study of the subject, and it is in every point dealt with quite up-to-date.

There are poems to please, and jokes to entertain; and there is the "Ways of the Hour" department, filled with terse comment on current topics. Taken altogether, the February issue is a good example of *Lippincott's* progressiveness.

Semi-Annual Sale at Reduced Prices

of Furniture and Linens for all Purposes

This half-yearly special saving opportunity in high-grade Furniture and Table and Household Linens never fails to win an enthusiastic response from Housekeepers far and near. It is one of our most important Sales and its merit has been tested and proved time and time again.

Unlike other Sales conducted by some stores, this event does not merely offer a limited few of special items as a bait to get customers in and then sell them regular priced goods—but it embraces our entire regular lines of Furniture and Linens, and these stocks are marked at reduced prices throughout. Choose what you will in either Department and make a substantial, bona fide saving on every purchase. These few items are an index to the reductions now offered in Furniture. This Sale Began Feb'y 4th.

Extraordinary **Furniture Values!**

Pay us 90c on the dollar for anything in this ample stock of Furniture Don't want it right away? Very well, come in and pick out what you want and pay us a deposit on it and we will store it for you.

BED ROOM SUITS of Plain and Quartered Golden Oak.

$16.65	from $18.50
20.25	from 22.50
22 50	from 25.00
29.25	from 32.50
33 75	from 37.50
49.50	from 55.00
63.00	from 70.00

BUREAUS & DRESSERS

$ 6.98	from $ 7.75
9.00	from 10.00
11.25	from 12.50
16.20	from 18.00
31.50	from 35.00
36.00	from 40.00

PRINCESS DRESSERS

$11.69	from $12.08
13.50	from 15.00
20.25	from 22.50
27.00	from 30.00

CHIFFONIERS Golden Oak.

$ 5 40	from $ 6.00
9.90	from 11.00
11.25	from 12.56
18.00	from 20 00

Bird's Eye Maple.

$20.25	from $22.50
22.50	from 25.00

Mahogany.

$14.40	from $16.00
24 75	from 27.50

BRASS AND IRON BEDSTEADS

$ 4 95	from $ 5.50
6.30	from 7.00
8.10	from 9.00
11.25	from 12.50
15.75	from 17.50
26 65	from 28.50
35.10	from 39.00

F. P. PURSEL.

BLOOMSBURG, - PENN'A.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD

Bulletin.

THE EASE OF TRAVEL TO-DAY.

It has just turned a century since the first boat was propelled by steam. There was not a complete locomotive in existence then nor a mile of railroad track. But the pendulum of time has swung rapidly forward within the last two generations. The railroad, the telegraph, and the telephone have revolutionized the commerce and the industry of the world and have made neighbors of remote people.

First of all in this work of upbuilding, expansion, and development comes the railroad. It is the medium of exchange, the agency of transfer, and wherever it has gone prosperity has followed.

The Pennsylvania Railroad has built thousands of miles of track and equipped it with the best rolling stock. It has constructed or absorbed branch lines and consolidated them with its main stem, thus bringing industrial and manufacturing interests in direct touch with all the centres of trade and affording the people the facilities of travel in all directions. Travel is no longer a dread, it is a pleasure. Comfortable cars by day or night drawn by the best type of locomotives over a roadbed maintained at the highest degree of excellence, eliminate as far as possible the annoyances of travel and make it recreative rather than burdensome. Tickets are sold at the lowest rates consistent with good management and under conditions most accommodating to the passenger. The schedules of the trains are designed to meet the wishes and requirements of the greatest number of travelers, and the equipment, both as to vehicles and employes, is kept at the highest state of efficiency.

It is the object of the management to encourage travel by making it easy. Interchange is the life of the social system. Travel is a tonic to the tired—the lens of observation to all.

The Pennsylvania Railroad sells tickets good for a mile as well as for a trip around the world. It will plan a trip for you or provide the tickets for one of your own selection.

It is a fine thing to have a great transportation agency like the Pennsylvania Railroad at your command.

2-6-13-2t.

Jayne's Expectorant Cures Coughs and Colds

For 75 years the favorite family medicine for throat and lungs.

EVANS' SHOE STORE

FALL SHOES.

The assortment of EVANS' Shoes provides a shoe for every need, a style for every taste, a fit for every foot.

Until you have seen these new models, or better yet, enjoyed the luxury of wearing one of them, you can not realize what shoe perfection means.

You are cordially invited to come in and see these new fashions.

The Progressive Shoe Store

CHAS. M. EVANS.

THE COLUMBIAN.

BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1908

Entered at the Post Office, Bloomsburg, Pa. as second class matter, March 1, 1888.

A son has arrived at the home of Prof. and Mrs. W. B. Sutliff on Normal Hill.

David W. Fisher, of East First street has filed nomination papers for member of council.

Wilkes-Barre had 105 fires in 1907 and a fire loss of $224,017 with insurance to the amount of $229,550.

As the ground hog saw his shadow on Sunday, the indications are that it will be cold weather for the next six weeks.

Laurant was greeted by a full house on Tuesday night. He was very entertaining and many of his tricks were marvelous

Elmer Crawford of Jerseytown has moved to Bloomsburg and occupies a house on Fourth street, recently vacated by A. M. Harvey.

The following letters are held at the Bloomsburg postoffice: Mr. Clinton B. F. Perkins, Cards: Mr. Conrad Ifland, Mr. Joseph McClintoc, Mr. Clinton Perkins.

Geo. U. Hughes of Lime Ridge, who has been a reader of this paper for many years and who always pays in advance, was a welcome caller on Tuesday.

Yesterday was the coldest morning of the season thus far. The thermometer stood at points ranging from 4 to 10 degrees below zero, according to locality and the quality of the thermometer.

Twenty-two offices are to be filled next fall in Schuylkill county, and already there are over fifty candidates announced for the spring primary, with prospects that there will be over two hundred candidates.

To Break in New Shoes Always Use

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder. It prevents Tightness and Blistering, cures Swollen, Sweating, Aching feet. At all Druggists and shoe stores. 25c. Sample mailed FREE. Address, A. S. Olmsted, Le Roy, N. Y. 2-6-4t.

District Attorney Salsbury's first effort to close all the speakeasies in Luzerne county, resulted on Saturday in the sentencing to imprisonment from three months to one year, of seven men who were convicted or pleaded guilty of keeping unlicensed places.

Mr. Bruce Jones, agent of the Pennsylvania at Mocanaqua, has been promoted and has gone to Shenandoah to take charge of the Pennsylvania's business at that city. His promotion shows that he stands well with his company. He was formerly the agent at East Bloomsburg.

Thomas R. Williams, of Mt. Carmel, is the first Northumberland county candidate for the Legislature to openly declare himself against the re-election of Senator Penrose. He assures the voters of the county that if he is nominated and elected he will do all in his power to break up the ring which has so long dominated the State.

W. B. Snyder of Locust township announces his name in this issue as a Democratic candidate for the office of county treasurer. Mr. Snyder was a candidate three years ago and made a good run, receiving over 1200 votes with four candidates in the field. He is a staunch Democrat, and possesses the ability to make a good treasurer, if elected.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Eighty hogs belonging to Elmer Willetts, a Washington county farmer, through whose farm the Standard Oil Company is laying pipes, drank oil from a bursted pipe recently. The oil had the same effect on the hogs as it has on competition against the Standard, and now Willetts wants $800 damages.

William H. Logan, of York, has been awarded a jury verdict of $509 for damages against the Pennsylvania Telephone company for the mutilation of fruit trees on his property in Carroll township, in stringing telephone wires, and now he has instituted another suit for damages to 200 locust trees along a beautiful driveway.

Ash Wednesday, or the first day of Lent, falls on Wednesday, March 4 this year. There will be five Sundays in the Lenton season. Palm Sunday falls on April 12, and is the Sunday which precedes Easter Sunday—a day of palm distribution to the people. Good Friday occurs on April 17, and Ascension day falls on Thursday, May 28.

Here is Relief for Women.

If you have pain in the back, Urinary, Bladder or Kidney trouble, and want a certain, pleasant herb cure for woman's ills, try Mother Gray's Australian Leaf. It is a safe and never-failing regulator. At Druggists or by mail 50 cts. Sample package FREE. Address, The Mother Gray Co., LeRoy, N. Y. 2-6-4t.

Mr. A. P. Young, of Millville, member of the State Board of Agriculture, gave the farmers of Pennsylvania a valuable tip in his address before the board at Harrisburg last week, when he directed their attention to the great care that should be exercised this year in the selection of their seed corn. He pointed out to them that the corn crop last year was largely soft and that it was unfit for seed, as most of it would not germinate.—Milton *Standard.*

Four hundred and eighty-four dogs were shot and killed in Wilkes-Barre in less than two months, according to the report of the four special officers secured by Mayor Kirkendall to extinguish the worthless curs which have caused no end of trouble in the city. Mayor Kirkendall is greatly pleased with the work accomplished by the men, and claims that they are fast ridding the city of every worthless cur, and that in a short time the city will be free from the canines.

The Cabin Run Company, which recently purchased a large tract of the McCauley Mountain, in Columbia county, is beginning operations to mine and prepare coal on the tract. A modern breaker will be erected and operated by electricity. Coal has been mined on a small scale in that locality for a quarter of a century, and the new company expects to secure a big output. John M. Lewis, of Hazleton, a former mine inspector, has been engaged as general superintendent of the work.

World Prohibition Plan.

Mr. Gaston of Chicago Interests England in the Idea.

With a view to forming a world's prohibition confederation, an important conference was held in London last week at the instance of Edward Page Gaston, of Chicago. Several influential leaders of the British temperance movement were present.

It was proposed to establish headquarters in that city, with influential committees in foreign countries.

Reported Oil and Gas at Halstead.

Oil and gas was struck at Halstead on the line of the Lackawanna between Scranton and Binghamton last Friday. The hole had reached a depth of 500 feet when the flow began. There is great excitement in that locality, the general belief being that an old basin has been tapped. This was the first report, but a verification shows that the gas was mostly on top of the ground. The driller struck black sand. The rest is all gas.

Another Grange Bank.

Each Link in the Chain So Far a Strong One.

The Grange National Bank of Hughesville, Lycoming county, Pa., was opened for business on Saturday. It will be the tenth of the chain of national banks organized by John G. McHenry, Representative for the 16th Pennsylvania district, under the auspices of the State Grange of Pennsylvania. Patrons of Husbandry, to begin business. There are four others organized and a number in contemplation.

There is usually a ceremonial opening of the Grange banks. Previous to Mr. McHenry's undertaking in this connection it was not usual for farmers in Pennsylvania to own and manage financial institutions, and with the opening of the first of these, less than two years ago, the farmer stockholders of Tioga county gathered in considerable numbers and made the event a holiday, Success has followed each subsequent venture.

Mrs. Elizabeth O. Aikman.

Mrs. Elizabeth Ohl Aikman died at her home in Center township, last Saturday morning, at the advanced age of eighty seven years.

She was a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. John Ohl, and a grand-daughter of Henry Ohl, a Revolutionary soldier. She was born in Madison township near the present Columbia church. She was married to Levi Aikman on April 24, 1849, and moved to Centre township where she resided until her death. Mr. Aikman, who was a well known and prominent citizen, died some years ago.

Mrs. Aikman was an earnest christian woman. In her younger days she was a member of the Episcopal church, but later united with the Presbyterian church, and was always a zealous worker.

She is survived by the following children: Mrs. A. C. Creasy and J. H. Aikman of Centre township; Mrs. H. V. White of town, and Mary Aikman at home; also by a sister, Mrs. Harriet Blue, of Terre Haute, Indiana.

The funeral services were held at her late home on Tuesday morning at 10 o'clock and at Hidlay's church at 10.30. Rev. F. B. Frisbie officiated.

Chicken Thief Caught at Danville.

One of the chicken thieves that have been operating in the vicinity of Danville has fallen into the police dragnet. Joseph Gulick was arrested last Friday night and is now behind the bars in Danville.

Enos Strous, Bloom road, had five valuable chickens stolen Thursday night. Incidentally, Joseph Gulick, of Danville, took several dressed chickens to Bloomsburg Friday morning and sold them at that place. Officer Voris followed him to Bloomsburg and purchased a couple of the chickens of the parties to whom they had been sold and brought the fowls back to Danville.

Mr. Strous examined the chickens and identified them as those stolen from him. He swore out a warrant for Gulick's arrest. Gulick acknowledged his guilt and wanted to settle. This, however, was not permitted and he was held for court. In default of $300 bail he was committed to jail.

Cochran for U. S. Senator.

The Williamsport *Call*, a labor paper, is booming State Senator Cochran for United States senator, as will be seen by the following:

The fight now being waged by former State Senator Flinn against Senator Boies Penrose makes the return of the latter to the United States senate somewhat doubtful. The division of the Republican forces may result in the Democrats wielding the balance of power in the next legislature, in which event the choice could fall on no better man than State Senator J. Henry Cochran.

Mr. Cochran has a peculiar fitness for the place. He possesses breadth of view, intelligence, sagacity and personal intelligence. No one can doubt that J. Henry Cochran would represent Pennsylvania in the United States senate with credit, honor and dignity.

This is Quick Work.

A love romance was brought to a happy climax, when J. A. Herrold, of Independence, Snyder county, was wedded on the spot without prearrangement at a banquet at Middleburg, to Miss Minnie C. Erb, daughter of Rev. J. C. Erb, of Port Trevorton. While seated at the banquet board the would-be groom proposed to his sweetheart and she as promptly accepted. Prothonotary Shindel, being also a guest, was secured and the knot tied in the presence of all seated at the banquet table.

COURT PROCEEDINGS.

[Continued from 1st Page.]

box of West Greenwood election district was ordered by the Court to be placed in the care of Samuel A. Miller.

The directors of the Bloom Poor District by their attorney Clem R. Weiss, Esq., presented a petition asking that a commission be held from the jurors in attendance to inquire into the lunacy of Martin Mills. Thursday, Feb. 13, was fixed as the time for the hearing before Associate Judge Yeager.

On motion of Rhawn and Mensch, attorneys for the petitioners, the inquest in the proceedings in partition in the estate of Sarah J. Merceron, late of Catawissa, deceased, is continued until the first Monday of May term.

In re-estate of S. F. Deibert, late of Catawissa, deceased, C. E. Kreischer, Esq., is continued as auditor to make a report at the next term of court.

In the matter of the charter of the Y. M. C. A. of Berwick, James Evans, Esq., presented a petition asking for an amendment to the charter.

Petition and bond of Lehigh Valley Coal Company to make roads in Conyngham township approved by the Court.

In the estate of H. C. Hartman, deceased, the return to the order of sale is confirmed nisi.

The Berwick Savings and Trust Company is appointed guardian of Nelda Eyer and Geraldine Eyer, minor children of Norah H. Eyer, deceased.

In the estate of A. D. Good, deceased, the return to the order of sale is confirmed nisi.

In the estate of J. J. Brower, deceased, Fred Ikeler, Esq., is continued as auditor to report at next term.

On motion of Ikeler and Ikeler the writ of partition in the estate of Delilah Kramer, deceased, is continued returnable at next term.

In the estate of Jacob H. Fritz, deceased A. W. Duy, Esq., is continued as auditor to report at next term.

Com. vs. Mulin and Ryan, on motion of the District Attorney Ryan who has been in jail is ordered discharged, there being nothing against him.

In the estate of Asa Yorks, deceased, Col. Freeze is continued as auditor to report at next term.

In the estate of George W. Supplee, deceased, H. Mont. Smith, Esq, is continued as auditor to report on the first Monday of next term.

The bond of Reuben M. Davis, guardian of Otis W. Evans, was approved by the Court.

In the case of Mary Helwig vs. W. E Boas, a duplicate transcript from the docket of E. P. Guie, J. P., is allowed to be filed, the original having been mislaid.

Report of P. W. Mills, committee of Samuel Klase, in the sale of real estate, confirmed nisi.

W. W. Heacock appointed Chief Burgess of Millville to fill the vacancy caused by the resignation of Jacob M. Harman.

At State College.

Many Practical Farmers Taking All the Winter Course.

There are eighty-seven students at the winter courses in agriculture at the Pennsylvania State College. Some of these men are studying dairy manufacture and are fitting themselves for work in creameries and cheese factories. Some are taking the horticultural course and others are giving their time to a study of general agriculture. These men come from the farms and have good farm experience. The twelve weeks embraced in these winter courses are sufficient to give to these practical men a considerable knowledge of the underlying principles. A majority of them will return to their own farms, but there are some who are available for positions as farm superintendents when their study is completed February 26th.

Costs On Justices.

Judge Hall Makes a Good Ruling.

In his instruction to the grand jury at the opening of the Clinton county court Judge Harry Alvin Hall referred to the trivial cases that are frequently returned to court by justices of the peace, and explained how they can be disposed of. He said that whenever such a case came before them and there was good reason to believe that it was returned by the magistrate merely for the purpose of getting the fee, the grand jury is justified in considering the magistrate as the prosecutor and can put the costs upon him the same as on any other prosecutor.

RANDOM SALE IN JANUARY.

When many bargains will be offered you from the different stocks throughout the store at reduced prices.

LADIES' COATS.

$27.50 Coats now	$18.00
14.00 Coats now	10.00
19.00 Coats now	12.50
17.50 Coats now	12.00
14.00 Jackets now	9.50
12.00 Jackets now	7.50

CHILDREN'S COATS.

$7.00 Coats now	$5.00
8.50 Coats now	6.00
5.00 Coats now	3.50
8.98 Coats now	6.50

DRESS SKIRTS.

$5.00 Dress Skirts now	$3.98
8.50 Dress Skirts now	6.75
9.00 Dress Skirts now	7.50

ENGLISH LONG CLOTH.

Regular imported goods at these special prices for pieces of 12 yds. each. $1.35, 1.50, 1.65, 1.80, 1.95, 2.10, and 2.25.

FINE FURS.

Were never offered you at so low prices. Nor was the selection to choose from much better.

$110.00 Mink Setts now	$85.00
18.00 pieced Lynx Sets	14.00
55.00 Kolinsky Scarf now	40.00
35.00 Kolinsky Scarf now	25.00
22.50 Squirrel Sets brown	17.50
16.50 Water Mink Sets	12.00

BLANKETS and COMFORTS.

the warm sorts

75c Blankets now	60c pr
$1.25 Blankets now	$1.10 pr
1.75 Blankets now	1.25 pr
1.00 Blankets now	85c pr
3.40 Blankets now	2.85 pr

SPECIAL SHEETINGS.

2½ yards wide linen finish at 35c yd. instead of 40c., limited lot. Sheets and Pillow Cases ready made.

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Please take notice that this is a value of Seven Dollars and Fifty Cents and that this unheard-of liberal offer is good just thirty days.

The new bridge over the Susquehanna River at Lewisburg, being erected jointly by Union and Northumberland counties, delayed so long by litigation and dispute, is at length nearing completion, and the final span will be lowered the latter part of this week. The bridge when completed will be one of the finest in the State, costing $125.000. It will consist of six spans, with a 22-foot concrete roadway and a 6-foot concrete sideway. It will be finished in about two months.

For headache Dr. Miles' Anti-Pain Pills.

MESSAGE TO CONGRESS

In Message the President Denounces Illegal Corporations.

STOCK GAMBLING ALSO

Says It Is No Better than Wagering in Lotteries and Race Track—Denies that He was Responsible for Recent Financial Stringency—Further Control of Railroads.

Washington, Feb. 3.—President Roosevelt's special message sent on Friday to Congress, besides making many recommendations, contained caustic attacks on certain corporations, a defense of his policies and a disavowal of responsibility for the recent financial stringency.

Speaking of the Standard Oil Company the message says:

"The methods by which the Standard Oil people and those engaged in the other combinations of which I have spoken have achieved great fortunes can only be justified by the advocacy of a system of morality which would also justify every form

PRESIDENT ROOSEVELT.

of criminality on the part of a labor union, and every form of violence, corruption and fraud, from murder to bribery and ballot-box stuffing in politics."

Among the recommendations are these:

Re-enactment of the Employers' Liability law so as to make it come within the constitutional limits laid down by the United States Supreme Court.

Passing of a law to correct the abuse of injunctions in conflicts between labor and capital so as to preserve the rights of both.

Amendment to the Sherman Anti-Trust law and further powers for the Interstate Commerce Commission in the regulation of common carriers. The President says the Federal Government should assume a certain measure of control over the physical operations of railroads.

Enactment of laws to prevent gambling in securities and commodities. The President says there is no moral difference between gambling with cards, in lotteries or at race tracks, and gambling on the stock market.

Mr. Roosevelt devotes by far the greater part of his message to vindication of his policy in dealing with corporations and trusts and justification of the methods used by officials of his administration to bring alleged law-breakers to justice.

He declared these policies must be continueed if good results are to be obtained.

The following are the most important portions of Mr. Roosevelt's message:

As regards the employers' liability law, I advocate its immediate reenactment, limiting its scope so that it shall apply only to the class of cases as to which the court says it can constitutionally apply, but strengthening its provisions within this scope. Interstate employment being thus covered by an adequate national law, the field of interstate employment will undoubtedly give to the performance of their duty within their field the consideration the importance of the subject demands.

I also urgently advise that a comprehensive act be passed providing for compensation by the Government to all employees injured in the Government service. Under the present law an injured workman in the employment of the Government has no remedy, and the entire burden of the accident falls on the helpless man, his wife and his young children. This is an outrage. The law should apply to all laborers, mechanics and other civilian employees of the Government of the United States, including those in the service of the Panama Canal Commission and of the insular governments.

The same broad principle which should apply to the Government should ultimately be made applicable to all private employers.

There is a special bill towhich I call your attention. Secretary Taft has urgently recommended the immediate passage of a law providing for compensation to employees of the Government injured in the work of the Isthmian Canal, and that $100,000 be appropriated yearly.

KING OF PORTUGAL AND HEIR TO THRONE SLAIN.

Carlos I. and His Son Luiz Filippe Dasterdly Murdered in Lisbon By Agitators Who Have Been Plotting to Overthrow the Government.

Lisbon, Feb. 4.—A tragedy has bereft Portugal of its monarch and heir. On Their Majesties return Saturday from Villa Vicosa while driving from the railway station to the palace, on turning from the Praca du Ersenal, several shots were fired at the open carriage in which King Carlos and Queen Amelie were seated with their two sons.

It was at once seen that they were badly wounded. The carriage dashed at full speed into the arsenal. Upon the arrival of doctors who were hastily summoned, it was found that Prince Manuel had a bullet wound in his arm. The Queen fainted. Consternation was general, but order has not been greatly disturbed. The King and Crown Prince were dead.

The city was in an uproar as the result of the assassination of the King and Crown Prince. The King's second son, the infant Manoel, was slightly wounded, but Queen Amelie who strove to save the Crown Prince's life by throwing herself upon him, was unhurt.

A band of men waiting at the corner of the Praco De Commercio and the Rua Do Arsenall, suddenly sprang toward the open carriage in which the family were driving to the palace, and levelling carbines which they had concealed upon them, fired. The King and Crown Prince, upon whom the attack was directed, were each shot three times, and they lived only long enough to be carried to the marine arsenal nearby, where they expired.

The city now wears its usual aspect, save for the flags flying at half mast and the boom of ordnance at regular intervals in funeral salute.

The bodies of the King and Crown Prince were conveyed last night from the Arsenal to the Necessidades Palace, where they are lying in state, watched over by court dignitaries.

Members of all classes of society are flocking to the palace to inscribe their names in the register.

The approaches to the palace are patrolled by strong bodies of foot and mounted police.

Prince Manuel has been proclaimed King under the name of Manuel II.

The conspirators who Saturday shot and killed King Carlos and Crown Prince Luiz in tht streets of Lisbon, have attempted to assassinate the Premier Franco.

The attack was made on Senor Franco, at his residence, but the assassins were repulsed.

London, Feb. 5.—News comes from Lisbon that the party leaders of Portugal have laid aside their animosities and have formed a coalition cabinet thoroughly determined on the preservation of the monarchy. Franco it is stated, has terminated his dictatorship, convinced that to prolong it would be injurious to the country.

Three Boys Drowned.

Nyack, Feb. 3.—Three boys were drowned in the Hudson off New Nyack on Friday afternoon at 4 o'clock while walking on a stretch of ice of only one night's freezing. The boys were Evans Steele, 12 years old, son of Charles teele of Nyack; Harold Dixon, 11 years old, son of John H. Dixon, of New Nyack, and Hans Newton Kraft, son of Edward Kraft, a cigar manufacturer of Central Nyack. These three boys were the only ones who ventured so far out on the ice, day in the announcement of the ing skating nearer the shore, where the ice was safer.

Steamship Burns at Sea.

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 5.—The steamer St. Cuthbert was burned to the water's edge off the Nova Scotian coast during a blizzard. Fifteen members of the crew were drowned by the swamping of a small boat in which they attempted to leave after the fire had broken out. The thirty-seven other members of the crew, including the captain, were rescued by the White Star liner Cymric.

Girl Druce Witness Admits Perjury.

London, Feb. 6.—Mary Robinson, the Druce case witness who said that through Charles Dickens she became the outside secretary of the Duke of Portland and knew him also as T. C. Druce and professed to have kept a diary of her association with him, has confessed to perjury, according to Sir Charles Mathews, K. C.

$2,500 Slave now Lives on Income.

Lynn, Feb. 6.—Richard Johnson, having risen from the condition of slavery, when he was appraised at $2,500 at a New Orleans auction sale, has retired as a bank janitor in this city, to spend his declining days at ease. He has accumulated a competency durinf his 26 years' service.

Six Killed by Tornado.

Wesson, Feb. 3.—Six persons were killed by a tornado, which laid waste a strip of farming country three-quarters of a mile wide and several

Florida Hotel Burns.

Jacksonville, Fla., Feb. 3.—The Hamilton Tourist Hotel at White Springs, Fla., was burned on Friday with several cottages.

Guests barely escaped with their lives. The loss isestimated at $100,000.

WORLD NEWS OF THE WEEK

Covering Minor Happenings from all Over the Globe.

HOME AND FOREIGN

Compiled and Condensed for the Busy Reader—A Complete Record of European Despatches and Important Events from Everywhere Boiled Down for Hasty Perusal.

Earthquake shocks were plainly felt in Newburyport, Mass., reports from different places telling of three distinct shocks.

Because they have been ordered to use smokeless powder, miners in ten mines of the Pittsburg Coal Company in the Lougogheny Valley have struck. Possibly three thousand are affected.

Judge Putnam in the United States Circuit Court at Bath, Me., appointed receivers for three Morse steamship lines.

Members of Congress have expressed the opinion that a commision to plan a revision of the tariff is not needed.

Fourteen firemen were caught in a crash of three floors and carried with the debris into the basement during a stubborn fire in the building at Nos. 43 and 45 Worth street, New York. Two of them were not seen after the crash and are believed to be dead in the basement. The others were carried out by their fellows, some of them seriously injured.

The first train fully equipped for carrying pasengers over the Key West extension left Miami station with six coaches and Mr. Henry M. Flagler's private car. The trip being an official one, no tickets were sold. This road cuts the time to Cuba ten hours.

"Death from shock, caused by seeing three little boys drown in the Hudson River," was the verdict of physicians who were called to investigate the strange death of Mrs. Claudine Abry, at Nyack, N. Y.

Operations have been resumed at the car shops of the New York Central at West Albany, 1,300 of the 3,500 men returning to work.

The Navy Department has decided to send four submarine boats to Manila to strengthen the defences of the Philippines.

Shore leave was granted seventy-five men from each vessel of the American fleet at Punta Arenas.

The United States Supreme Court has decided that boycotts by labor unions violate the Sherman Anti-Trust law.

Timothy L. Woodruff and others in the New York State Republican organization, have planned to crowd Governor Odell out of the Hughes campaign.

Captain Bartlett has reported to the Navy Department that a stick of dynamite had been found in the coal bunkers of the battleship Ohio at Trinidad.

William H. Boocock, Reformed Church clergyman of Bayonne, N. J., says the present forms of preaching the gospel are hundreds of years behind the times.

Legislators in Albany, N. Y., conceded the passage of the anti-race track betting bill.

In his report on conditions in the New York State Department of Insurance Mathew C. Fleming said the Department required a thorough reorgaization to be efficient.

Greater familiarity with the provisions of the Aldrich bill brings new and influential support to the measure.

The Secretary of the Interior in his annual report, said there was a growing popular demand for economy of the nation's resources.

Twelve germ infected rabbits being used by a St. Louis physician in medical experiments were stolen, causing residents to fear a spread of disease.

Two alienists sent by his mother visited Harry K. Thaw on his first day in the asylum in Matteawan, and the prisoner said he probably would be released within a week.

Investigations by the Herald reveal the existence of an extortionate anthracite coal monopoly in complete control of the New York market.

Registering as Mrs. S. A. Wilcox, of Castleton, Vt., a middle aged woman was found dead in the Hotel Chelsea, New York, a victim of drugs.

FOREIGN.

In his summing up in the final session of the Stoessel court martial in St. Petersburg the Judge Advocate demanded that the death penalty be imposed upon Generals Stoessel, Fock and Reiss.

The suit for nullification of her marriage brought by the Countess of Yarmouth against the Earl will not be defended. The earl has agreed not to interpose any objection to the Countess's demand, so she will get a divorce by default.

It is reported from Madrid that King Carlos carried life insurance to the amount of $200,000 in an English company, and that he had another policy for $22,000 in a Spanish insurance company.

No Home Rule plans are on the programme of the present English Parliament.

A London news agency publishes a dispatch from Tangier saying that there has been a battle between the French and the Moors near Settat, Morocco, in which 10,000 Moors were killed or wounded, and in which the French losses amount to 160 men, including four officers.

Cuban negroes are making plans to induce others of their race not to start a revolution when the republic is established.

Special cable despatches from Punta Arenas tell of the voyage of the American battle ship fleet from Rio and the preparations for the passage of the dangerous part of Magellan Strait.

Pirates robbed the wreck ship Oscar Woermann.

HUGHES ON NATIONAL ISSUES.

The Governor Touched on Nearly Every One of Roosevelt's Policies.

New York, Feb. 3. —Governor Charles E. Hugess, speaking to a gathering of nearly 1,100 men at the Republican Club on Friday night, gave his views on the so-called "National Issues." He spoke for fifty minutes and received an ovation entirely unique in the history of the club.

In his address, which he read, the Governor touched on nearly every topic which has formed the basis of the "Roosevelt policies" and has been of National import for the last year or two. Considering the number of subjects touched upon, the speech seemed to be regarded as brief and trenchant, though somewhat academic.

Posed as a Man.

Louisville, Feb. 3.—After masquerading for seven years as she admits in boy's clothing, "Jimmy Allen," twenty years old, porter on the Louisville and Kentucky River Packet Company's steamer Falls City, was arrested on Friday and found to be a girl.

She said that she had been living with a family at Terre Haute, Ind. When thirteen years of age they reprimanded her for acting like a "tomboy" and she ran away.

Wheat Pool Broken.

Chicago, Feb. 3.—Inability of the coeterie of partners of the brokerage and grain elevator concern of Bartlett, Frazier & Carrington to agree among themselves as to the methods by which the affairs of the house should be handled, resulted on Friday in the announcement of the firm's intention to discontinue its New York stock and cotton business on April 1. The company's ultimate purpose is to eliminate all its varied branches of business except that involving grains.

Schwab Buys Mexican Mines.

City of Mexico, Feb. 3.—The largest mining transaction ever made in Mexico is about to be closed in the Santa Tulalia district, State of Chihuahua.

Charles M. Schwab and Malcolm MacDonald of Tonopah, Nev., and associates are to take over the famous Peteosi Ducoa Tierra, Baltimore and other mines of Santa Tulalia. The sum to be paid is upward of $6,000,000. The principal owners of the properties are Grant G. Schley of Newport and Dennie Sullivan of Denver.

New Fleet for Far East.

Washington, Feb. 5.—The Government is assembling and preparing for dispatch to the Philippines another battleship squadron to join Admiral Evans' fleet.

It has become known authoritatively that the administration plans to have the Evans fleet return by way of the Suez Canal. But by the time Admiral Evans is ready to weigh anchor in the Philippines his fleet will have been supplemented by six battleships and two armored cruisers.

Bigamy Easy Now in Jersey.

Trenton, N. J., Feb. 5.—Just because Harry Buckalew, of Trenton, kept secret for two years the fact of a marriage, after he had taken a second partner, it has been declared that the statute of limitation prevents the prosecution for bigamy of any Jerseyman who shall go and do likewise.

Pullman Workers Rewarded.

Chicago, Feb. 5.—The Pullman Palace Car Company distributed $174,850 among 3,770 employes of its car service department. The bonus amounts to one month's salary for every conductor and porter who continued on the payroll of the company throughout 1907 and escaped demerits.

To Make Work for Idle.

Albany, Feb. 5.—With the unanimous consent in the Senate Senator McCall of the Sixteenth District introduced a bill authorizing the Park Board to spend an additional sum of $1,500,000 for the development of parks and driveways.

12 Buildings Blown Up.

Tweed, Ont., Feb. 6.—When fire in the Ontario Powder Works reached the explosive building the resulting explosion destroyed the twelve buildings and shattered windows for miles arbund. The repor was heard thirty miles away.

Dynamite Wrecks Bridge.

Cleveland, Feb. 6.—All the falsework and part of the iron work on a bridge being built at the foot of Eagle avenue was wrecked by dynamite. Damage was done to nearby factory walls and windows.

THAW VERDICT, ACQUITTAL

Jury Agreed that Hs Was Insane at Time of Killing.

THAW WROUGHT UP.

Justice Dowling Adjourned Court at 11 O'clock on Friday Night—The Jury was Then Locked Up for the Night—Anxiety of Thaw Was Pitiful..

New York, Feb. .—The Thaw jury returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground of insanity. This verdict, while acquitting Harry K. Thaw of crime, preventa his immediate release.

Absolved from criminal responsibility for the killing of Stanford White on the Madison Square Roof Garden, Harry K. Thaw Saturday was sent to the Matteawan Asylum for the Criminal Insane. After being out a little more thar 25 hours the jury in Thaw's second trial in the Criminal Branch of the Supreme Court returned a verdict of not guilty on the ground that Thaw was legally insane when he killed White. Immediately after the foreman had announced the verdict Justice Dowling committed Thaw to the State asylum.

It was the verdict hoped for and expected by Thaw's family and lawyers, however, and Thaw himself had been schooled to hope for nothing better. It is likely now that he will be held pending the appointment of a commission to inquire into his present mental condition.

Evelyn Nesbit Thaw, the prisoner's wife, and other members of the family were hopeful that his release would be immediately effected.

Young Mrs. Thaw had made every preparation to go away from New York at once with her husband.

New York, Feb. 2.—Justice Dowling at 11 o'clock Friday night ordered the key turned in the door of the jury room in the Criminal Court Building, and the fate of Harry K. Thaw was left in the balance.

One report emanating from the swarm of blue-coated guards around the jury room was that the jury stood six for acquittal and six for guilty of murder in the first degree, the former half dozen basing their verdict on the plea of insanity at the time of the shooting.

Martin W. Littleton, chief counsel for the prisoner, was summoned to the courtroom at 11 o'clock. He seemed to expect a verdict and asked a reporter whether the jury had come in. He then asked for the

HARRY K. THAW.

officer in charge of the jury and was informed by him that Justice Dowling had ordered the jury locked up for the night. Mr. Littleton seemed much disappointed.

"What do you think the delay in a report from the jury means?" he was asked.

"It is a case that has covered much time and ground," he replied, "and will require much time in deciding."

The anxiety of Thaw was pitiful. He spent the most of the day in the prisoner's pen above the jury room, with his wife. He knew that the chances were either acquittal on the ground of insanity, with the chance of imprisonment in an asylum, or a verdict of guilty. He never for a moment considered the prospect of a verdict of murder in the second degree or manslaughter.

In the day he packed up all his belongings in the cell he has occupied for two years and was prepared to leave the tiny steel-barred quarters at any moment.

$5,000,000 for Szechenyis.

Budapest, Feb. 2.—A credit of $5,000,000 was received on Friday from New York by the Hungarian Discount and Exchange Bank for the account of the Count and Countess Laszlo Szechenyi.

Russian Empress Worse.

St. Petersburg, Feb. 3.—After a season of slight gains, the condition of the Empress Alexandra again has taken a turn for the worse. The nervous debility which is baffling the skill of the specialists is now complicated by an affection of the eye, which is of such a painful character that an operation probably will be required.

THE LETTER IN MESSAGE.

Atchison Auditor Does Not Know How the President Got It.

Los Angeles, Feb. 3.—Auditor J. W. Healy of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad Company is quoted regarding the letter from Assistant General Traffic Manager Edward Chambers to ex-Auditor G. A. Davidson, which President Roosevelt incorporated in his message to Congress, as follows:

"That letter was stolen from our office. I have heard of it and I cannot deny that the letter was written, but I have never seen it. I do not know how it got into the possession of Francis J. Heney."

Santa Barbara, Cal., Feb. 3.—President E. P Ripley of the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad on Friday issued a written statemnt absolutly denying the charges contained in the letter made public in the special message of President Roosevelt.

MAKE PAPER FROM FLAX.

Excellent Product Can Be Manufactured from Stalks.

St. Paul, Minn., Feb. 6.—That a fine grade of paper can be made from North Dakota flax is the conclusion reached by an Eastern expert to whom a sample of the flax straw was sent some time ago by the Commercial club of Grand Forks.

A sample of the bleached pulp which has been made, has arrived from the East. The flax had not been screened but the sample was excellent, and the expert stated that he believed that it would be suitable for first class paper when screened. Special apparatus is being installed in an Eastern paper mill in order to test the North Dakota product. On account of the vast amount of flax raised in North Dakota the tests are looked upon as very important.

Two Die Under Ice.

Beaver Falls, Penn., Feb. 3.—Locked in each other's arms, Miss Zella Wylie, aged 19, daughter of the Rev. R. C. Wylie, pastor of the First Reformed Presbyterian Church of Wilkinsburg, Penn., and R. C. Patterson, aged 21, of Greensburg, went down to death under the ice on the Beaver River this afternoon.

The couple had been engaged to be married two years, and the wedding would have taken place next summer after they had been graduated from Geneva College.

Trolley Held Up; Four Robbed.

Elizabethport, N. J., Feb. 4.—Bravado characteristic of the old Wild West marked the robbery of four men at Elizabethport, N. J., by two armed highwaymen who entered a trolley car which lay on a siding. With drawn revolvers the thieves advanced on Motorman Thomas Delaney and Conductor Harry Brown. Both threw up their hands and two pasengers followed suit. Sixty three dollars in addition to stickpins and watches were obtained.

Old Age Pension Bill.

Albany, N. Y., Feb. 4.—Assemblyman George A. Voss, of Kings, has invited Andrew Carnegie and Edward Everett Hale to personally appear before the Legislature to urge the passage of his old-age pension bill. The bill grants every native resident of the state of sixty years or over, who has no other means of support, a pension of $12 a month, provided he has lived here continuously a quarter of a century.

Priceless Paintings Stolen.

Pittsburg, Feb. 4.—Five priceless paintings have within the last few weeks been cut from their frames and stolen in Pittsburg, by those who evidently know their business. Owners of private galleries are in great worry for fear there is working in Pittsburg an organized band of picture thieves.

1,000 Unemployed Riot.

Cincinnati, Feb. 4.—Police reserves were called out to preserve order at a meeting of unemployed addressed by "Mother" Jones, woman Socialist. Nearly 1,000 men gathered at a small hall and fought for seats of which there were only three hundred. The fight soon became a riot.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

Wholesale Prices of Farm Produce Quoted for the Week.

WHEAT.—No. 2 Red, $1.04a 1.05¾
No. 1 Northern Duluth, $1.20¾.
CORN.—No. 2, 65a66c.
OATS.—Mixed, 53½c. White, 55½a62c.
MILK.—4c. per quart.
BUTTER.—Western, extra, 32a32c.
Firsts,—29a31c. State dairy, finest—30a30c.
CHEESE.—State, full cream, 15½a15¾c.
EGGS.—Nearby, Fancy, 28a30c. State. Good to choice, 25a27c. Western, Firsts—23c.
RENVES.—City dressed, 7½a9½c.
CALVES—City dressed, 8a14c. Country dressed, per lb. 7a12c.
SHEEP.—Per 100 lb., $3.50a5.50.
HOGS.—Live, per 100 lb., $4.85a4.90.
HAY.—Prime, 100 lbs., $1.07 a1.00.
STRAW.—Long rye, 60a70c.
LIVE POULTRY.—Fowls, per lb. 13½c. Chickens, Spring, per lb., 11c. Ducks, per lb., 13c. Turkeys, 13½c.
DRESSED POULTRY.—Turkeys, per lb. 12a16c. Fowls, per lb., 10a13c. Chickens, Phila., per lb., 22a25c.
VEGETABLES.—Potatoes, L. I., per bbl. $2.00a2.30. Onions, White, per bbl. $3.00a5.00.

FLIRTING IN PERSIA.

WITH THE PERSIAN YOU MUST NOT DISCUSS HIS WOMENFOLK.

The Most You Can Do Is to Ask About the "Mother of His Son"—If He Has Only Daughters He Will Not Mention Them.

With the Persian one cannot discuss his womenfolk. To ask a Persian about his wife is a grave breach of etiquette. The most you can do is to ask about the "mother of his son." If he has only daughters he does not mention them; they are a misfortune to be suffered in silence.

While the sexes remain separated as at present there can be but little real advance. The man does not see his wife after the marriage ceremony; the woman still lives the secluded stupefying life of the harem. "She grows up like a wild flower; nothing which Europeans generally keep out of their children's sight is concealed from her; she is left to the dictates of her instincts, which as she sees very little society but that of servants and slaves, are not very elevating. Her religion is drowned in the lowest superstitions, and as she is seldom taught to read and write, the only means she has of learning is from tales which would hardly have any meaning for us because they are so stupid.

She is kept secluded that she may remain faithful, and the inevitable result is that intrigue forms half the life of Persia.. M. de Lorey relates an adventure he had with a well guarded lady of high rank in a jeweler's shop. He attracted her attention, she lowered her veil, he gazed—one hazards the guess—adoringly, she dropped her jasmine, he picked it up. The next day they met again in the same shop. We could have wished for the conclusion of that story, but the author tantalizes us by breaking off in the middle. If it had no conclusion—the sad state of too many love affairs—we would almost have forgiven him, says the London Globe, had he done what a Persian surely would have done and invented the rest.

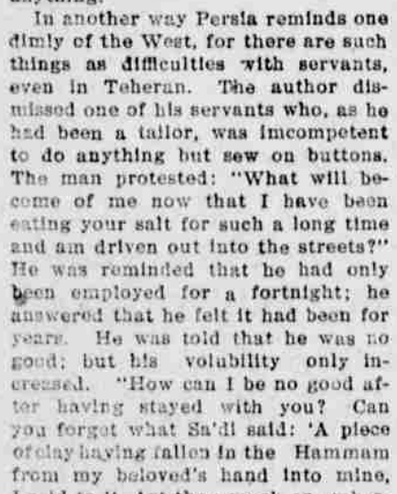
It will come as a surprise to many that divorce is as easy in the unchanging East as it is in the strenuous West. It depends entirely on the will of the husband, who, under the pretext that his wife is bad tempered, barren, extravagant, excessively lean, invalid or blind, can repudiate her. The only drawback for the husband is that he must pay the dowry if the action is his. For this reason husbands are found who in order to avoid this nuisance ill-treat and beat their wives till they themselves move for divorce—since in that case there is no necessity to pay anything.

In another way Persia reminds one dimly of the West, for there are such things as difficulties with servants, even in Teheran. The author dismissed one of his servants who, as he had been a tailor, was incompetent to do anything but sew on buttons. The man protested: "What will become of me now that I have been eating your salt for such a long time and am driven out into the streets?" He was reminded that he had only been employed for a fortnight; he answered that he felt it had been for years. He was told that he was no good; but his volubility only increased. "How can I be no good after having stayed with you? Can you forget what Sa'di said: 'A piece of clay having fallen in the Hammam from my beloved's hand into mine, I said to it, Art thou musk or ambergris that I am drunk with thy perfume, which catches at the heart?' It answered: 'I was but a worthless piece of clay, but I was in the company of the rose for a moment.

A Practical Fruit Dryer.

To form the legs of the fruit dryer shown in the accompanying cut, I had the blacksmith cut two pieces of an old wagon tire the desired length and then bend each end to form legs eight inches high.

The outside of the dryer frame was covered with tin from kerosene cans, and the top was perforated



PRACTICAL FRUIT DRYER.

with numerous nail holes cut out, over which were placed a couple of small inner lids from lard pails.

The dimensions can be changed to suit any size range or cook stove. On dull and rainy days it can be set on the stove utilizing the fire with which the cooking is done, as the dryer stands high enough to permit the use of any cooking utensils underneath.

DOCTORS MISTAKES

Are said often to be buried six feet under ground. But many times women call on their family physicians, suffering, as they imagine, one from dyspepsia, another from heart disease, another from liver or kidney disease, another from nervous prostration, another with pain here and there, and in this way they present alike to themselves and their easy-going or overbusy doctor, separate diseases, for which he, assuming them to be such, prescribes his pills and potions. In reality, they are all only *symptoms* caused by some uterine disease. The physician, ignorant of the cause of suffering, keeps up his treatment until large bills are made. The suffering patient gets no better in reason of the wrong treatment, but probably worse. A proper medicine like Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription, *directed to the cause* would have entirely removed the disease, thereby dispelling all those distressing symptoms, and instituting comfort instead of prolonged misery. It has been well said, that "a disease known is half cured."

Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is a scientific medicine, carefully devised by an experienced and skillful physician, and adapted to woman's delicate system. It is made of native American medicinal roots and is perfectly harmless in its effects *in any condition of the female system.*

As a powerful invigorating tonic "Favorite Prescription" imparts strength to the whole system and to the organs distinctly feminine in particular. For overworked, "worn-out," run-down," debilitated teachers, milliners, dressmakers, seamstresses, "shop-girls," house-keepers, nursing mothers, and feeble women generally, Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription is the greatest earthly boon, being unequaled as an appetizing cordial and restorative tonic.

As a soothing and strengthening nervine "Favorite Prescription" is unequaled and is invaluable in allaying and subduing nervous excitability, irritability, nervous exhaustion, nervous prostration, neuralgia, hysteria, spasms, St. Vitus's dance, and other distressing, nervous symptoms commonly attendant upon functional and organic disease of the uterus. It induces refreshing sleep and relieves mental anxiety and despondency.

Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets invigorate the stomach, liver and bowels. One to three a dose. Easy to take as candy.

In Quest of Sensation.

Those spirits upon the hunt for "sensations" in Constantinople will wish to "take in" the dervishes. The whirling clan have a convenient convent on the Grande Rue where their circumnavigations may be witnessed at 7:30 o'clock on Friday evening for the admission of 10 cents. This weird performance personifies the solar system and is exactly ordered in all its phases. After preliminary circuits of the ring in single file to the discordant accompaniment of flute and tambourine, the robed and turbaned deverishes commence their turning. With arms outstretched, the right palm upward to beseech blessings, the left depressed to signify mercy bestowed, the head is bent upon the right shoulder. The rapid revolving upon the right heel is effected by employing the left toes as motive power. As the circling accelerates, the long white skirts dilate until they stand out stiff after the manner of the attenuated garment of the premiere danseuse. Very little space is allotted to each priest, and it seems strange that there are no collisions. The dance ceases in an hour or so with the men exhausted.—Travel Magazine.

The Way the Czar Proposed.

It is a pretty story which surrounds the betrothal of the present Czar Nicholas and the Cazrina, for, although the great question had been planned and thought out for them by their respective parents, they both were determined to have a say in the matter.

That they were in love with each other every one knew, and between themselves a mutual understanding had been arrived at in the summer house of York cottage; but as Czarewitch the future Czar had to make the formal and old fashioned offer of his hand."

"The Emperor, my father," he said, addressing the blushing bride to be, has commanded me to make you the offer of my hand and heart."

"My grandmother, the Queen," replied the present Czarina, "has commanded me to accept the offer of your hand"—she broke into a rippling laugh—"and your heart ! take of my own free will."—Tit-Bits.

Traveling Telephones.

The Civil and Military Gazette reports that Lord Kitchener has accepted for use in India a form of movable telephone, which can be employed with great facility in the field. The cable weighs only seven pounds per mile, but is so well insulated that it can be stretched across a stream of water without loss of current. It withstands a strain of 120 pounds. An apparatus for placing and removing the cable, working automatically, and capable of being attached to a saddle, is employed. Recently in the Punjab a horseman, proceeding at a gallop, placed the cable over a distance of two miles in seven minutes. To remove it 18 minutes were required.

Niagara and the Falls of Lodore.

Having seen Niagara Falls, and having read Southey's poem descriptive of the manner in which the water comes down at Lodore it is alleged that an American became convinced that the Lodore cataract was the greater. So he went to England to hunt up the falls of Lodore. He set out the moment he reached Keswick and walked and toiled over rocks and boulders. He could not find the falls. He rested and asked a native: "Can you direct me to the falls of Lodore?" "Why, you're a-settin' on 'em," was the heart-breaking answer. The falls of all the adjectives were dry!

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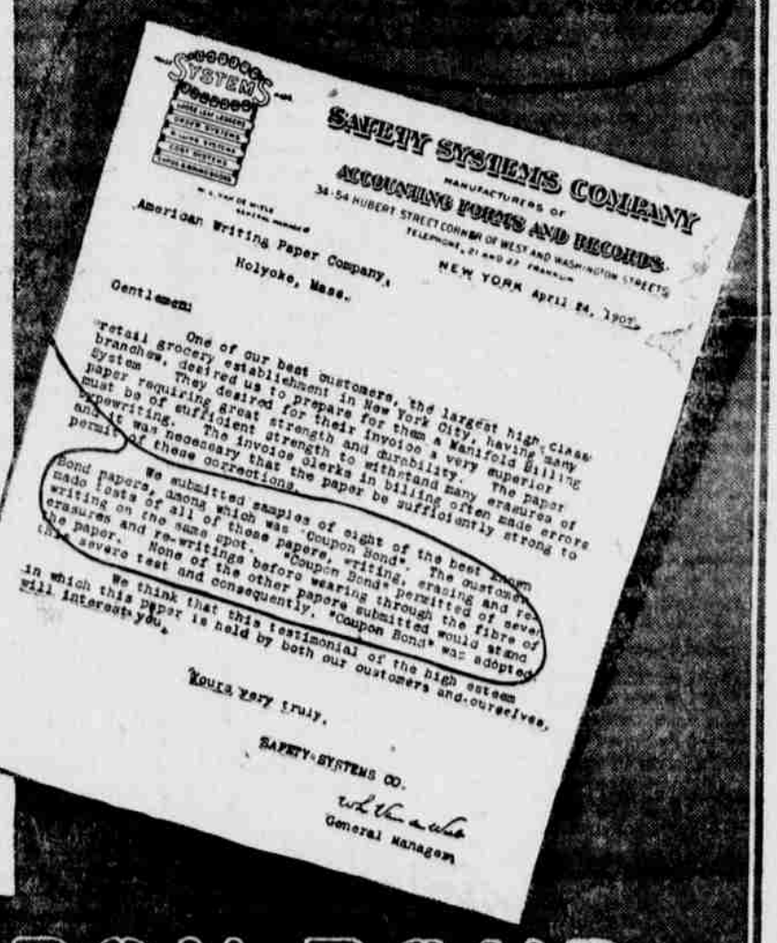
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BLOOMSBURG, PA.

THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 6, 1908.

CRIMINAL LAW AND PROCEDURE

By Col. J. G. Freeze.

The criminal code and precedure in Pennsylvania are the outgrowth of a commission, authorized by a Resolution of the General Assembly of the 19th of April 1858, page 523, "to collect all the statutes relating to the Penal Laws of the Commonwealth, to arrange the same systematically under proper titles, to suggest improvements, to designate such as ought to be repealed, and to prepare and submit new statutes, which seem to be advisable or necessary, for the consideration of the Legislature."

Under the Resolution, the Governor appointed as commissioners to report upon the subject, Edward King, John C. Knox, and David Webster, who made a report to the Legislature, dated January 4th, 1860 and accompanied by a codification and system of Criminal law which was adopted by the Legislature, and signed by the Governor, March 31, 1860. Under that code and its various amendments and additions, we have continued nearly fifty years and there is a strong feeling among lawyers, that a revision of that revision is highly necessary. It is not my purpose to take up and deal with that question, except incidentally, but to give a brief historical resume of the criminal law as we have it, and its derivation and growth from and out of the law of England.

It was, among our English Ancestry, a growth from mere savagery, when the rule was, "Let those take who have the power, and let those keep who can," that there began to be a right of property; and while men took such as was unappropriated, possession being nine points of the law, the rule that might was right, ceased to exist. But for many years that was a rule only among the common people as to themselves. The ruling classes held the common people as serfs and their property as legitimate plunder, which they had the power to take and the power to hold.

For the protection and establishment of the liberties of the people, the writ of Habeas Corpus was the greatest safeguard to these liberties. Its origin is lost in antiquity, but it was well known to the Common law, which is or was, a body of unwritten law, and was in use even before Magna Charta, which dates from June 19th, 1215, in the reign of King John, and is the most ancient written law of the land.

The Habeas Corpus Act of 31 Charles II, (27 May 1679) provides the great remedy for the violation of personal liberty. The full title of the Act is "Habeas Corpus and subjeciendum" "That you have the body to answer." It is a writ of right. It is designed to give the person in confinement, or who is restrained of his liberty, an immediate opportunity to test the question of law involved in his imprisonment, or restraint.

Thus under Magna Charta of 1215 and Habeas Corpus of 1679, the personal rights and liberties of the subject were ordinarlly well secured and protected. But the King or some of his powerful Lords and Barons, occasionally thought that the rights and liberties of the subject were too carefully guarded, and therefore when some person, obnoxious to the King or to the Baron, was to be gotten out of the way, he was arrested and imprisoned; and as he was likely to be discharged or bailed under Habeas Corpus proceedings, the King issued a writ of Oyer and Terminer which was sent into the county where the obnoxious gentleman was confined, to try him. You observe this was the King's writ—

KIDNEY TROUBLE

The importance of knowing just what to do when one has kidney disease or urinary troubles, is best answered by the following letter which was recently published in the Poughkeepsie, N. Y., News-Press:

MILLERTON, Dutchess Co., N. Y.

"Dr. David Kennedy, Dear Sir:—For more than eighteen months I was so badly afflicted with kidney trouble I could scarcely walk a quarter of a mile without almost fainting. I did not gain any until I began to use Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. After using the first bottle I noticed a decided improvement which continued, and I know that

DR. DAVID KENNEDY'S FAVORITE REMEDY

saved my life, for I was in a miserable condition up to the time I began to take it—my friends thought I never would be better.

My sister also has been very sick with bladder trouble for over a year, so bad that quantities of blood would come from her. She suffered at times most frightful pain, and nothing seemed to help her until she began the use of Dr. David Kennedy's Favorite Remedy. She is now using her third bottle, and is like a different person.

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not by or under any law of the realm— and he appointed the Judges who held the Oyer and Terminer and jail delivery. These judges were sent to hear and condemn, and generally did so. A few examples of such writs extracted from "A History of the Criminal law of England" by Sir Fitz James Stephen, Vol. I, page 107, will show what these courts were.

The first express mention of them is in Statute 13 Edward I. Chap. 29, (A. D. 1285), which statute is in these words: "A writ of trespass, to hear and determine, from henceforth shall not be granted before any justices except justices of either bench and justices in eyre, unless it be for a heinous trespass where it is necessary to provide speedy remedy, and our Lord the King of his special grace hath thought it good to be granted." This of course implies that the practice had previously been different. The exception made in the Statute left in existence, if it did not introduce great abuses. This appears from a petition in the Parliament Rolls of 1315—thirty years after the statute.

The petition says: "Great evils and oppressions against law are done to many people by granting commissions of Oyer and Terminer, more lightly or commonly than is proper, against the Common law, for when a great lord or powerful man wishes to injure another, he falsely accuses him of a trespass, or maintains some one else on whom he"(his enemy)" has trespassed, and purchases commissions of Oyer and Terminer to people favourable to himself and hostile to the other side, who will be ready to do whatever he pleases, and will fix a day of which the other side will either receive no notice from the Sheriff and his bailiffs (who are procured to take part in the fraud,) or else such short notice that he cannot attend; and so he is greviously amersed, namely, lbs. 20, or 20 marcs, or lbs. 10, at the will of the Plaintiff: and then he has another day appointed him in some upland, inconvenient village in which his adversary is so powerful that the defendant dares not go there for danger of his life, and can have no counsel for fear of the same power- And thus he is fined three or four times the value of his chattels, that is to say, a common man, 26 lbs for a day, or 100 marcs or 40 pounds, more or less according as the plaintiff is urgent." "And if the defendant keeps his day, he will either receive bodily harm, or he will have to agree to do more than is in his power, or a jury from distant parts will be procured which knows nothing of the trespass, by which the defendant will be convicted of the trespass, though he may not be guilty, and the damage taxed at the will of his adversary, that is to say for a trespass for which 20 pence would be enough, at 200 lbs, 400 lbs, sometimes 1000 marcs, and if the party convicted is caught, he will be imprisoned, and remain there until he has paid every penny, or until he agrees to sell his land; or until his friends pay, if he is ever to get out. And if he cannot be taken he will be put in exigent and exiled for ever."(by being outlawed."

And this from a petition to Parliament to have the Writs and Commissions abolished.

No wonder that in the Pennsylvania Constitution of 1791, the Declaration of Rights provided, that no commission of Oyer and Terminer should ever be issued. And it was repeated in the Constitution of 1838, and in that of 1874.

The powers and duties of the Criminal courts as they exist at present are regulated by the Constitution of 1874 Art. 5, Sec. 1—in these words:

"The judicial power of this Commonwealth, shall be vested in a Supreme Court, Common Pleas, Courts of Oyer and Terminer and General Jail Delivery, Courts of Quarter Sessions of the Peace, Orphans' Courts, Magistrates Courts, and in such other courts as the General Assembly may from time to time establish."

And by section 9 of the same Article: "Judges of the Courts of Common Pleas, learned in the law, shall be judges of the Courts of Oyer and Terminer, Quarter Sessions of the Peace and General Jail Delivery, and the Orphans' Court, and within their respective districts, shall be Justices of the Peace as to Criminal matters."

As to the words "Learned in the law," they are construed in the case of O'Mara vs. The Commonwealth, 75 Pa. 430.

So, while we have Courts of Oyer and Terminer issued, but the same Judges who hold the Common Pleas hold the other Courts, any two of them, the President being one, constitute the court.

But an important part of that court are the Jurors—Grand and Petit.

The Grand Jury seems to have grown out of the coustitution of Clarendon, 10 Henry II A. D. 1164, by which, in case of suspicions against persons whom none wished or dared to accuse, authorized the sheriff, being required thereto by the Bishop, to swear twelve men of the neighborhood or village, to declare the truth. They were persons who knew the facts and declared the truth. From this beginning the Grand Jury grew up; the steps and processes are unknown, but the twelve men grew to twenty-four, and from being persons who knew the truth, they learn it from witnesses who testify before them and whose testimony is inviolable.

The present Pennsylvania Grand Jury seems to be cumbersome and unwieldy; it is unworkable and unduly expensive. It is composed of not less than twelve nor more than twenty-four, and if twenty-four answer to the call, one of them is discharged, although twelve of the twenty-four men can find a true bill. The twelve who say "No" if the twenty-four were left on, cannot overpower the twelve who say "Yea"—but notwithstanding, one must go. However, in many of the United States, either by constitution or by statute, there has come to be a great difference in the number required for a Grand Jury.

My researches into the subject enable me to present the following facts which are a little curious and quite instructive, upon the question of making some statutory changes in the criminal practice and proceedings and personnel, in Pennsylvania.

In Indiana, Illinois, Iowa, Nebraska, Oregon and Colorado, the constitution gives the legislature authority to make laws dispensing with a grand jury in any case. And in Alabama and Mississippi there is provision for other process in criminal cases. In Nebraska, the legislature may provide for holding persons to answer for criminal offenses on the information of a public prosecutor. In Oregon seven men are drawn from the body of jurors in attendance, and sworn as Grand Jurors. In Utah the law is the same. In South Dakota, not less than six nor more than eight. In Idaho, sixteen. In Washington not less than six nor more than seventeen. In North Dakota not less than sixteen nor more than twenty-three. In California nineteen, New Mexico twenty-one. In several states seven, but five can find a bill; in others twelve, but nine can find a bill. In Virginia nine to twelve; seven find a bill; in Florida twelve to fifteen, eight can find a bill; in Indiana six, five can find a bill.

It is clear that there is no magic in the number 23 for a grand jury, with 12 to find a bill. The variations prove that the younger states are progressing and that the Common low rule is cumbrous and ought to be abandoned. I am of opinion that a Grand Jury ought to be called, and I am also of the opinion that the number seven is sufficient for a Grand Jury. Certainly the present number is expensive and cumbrous; and as a true bill merely requires the defendant to be put upon trial, it is less dangerous when seven find a bill, than it would be when twelve out of twenty-three find one. At any rate it is a question for legislative consideration.

Along this line the legislature of the state, at its last session, passed an Act providing that in certain cases, defendants may enter pleas of "guilty" and be sentenced forthwith, without a bill of indictment being presented to a grand jury. There is, as it seems to me, altogether too much delay and fuss and feathers about the administration of the criminal law, with respect to minor offenses.

Prompt justice, whether it be acquittal or conviction, is most economical; and it is a deterrent from wrong doing. The District Attorney ought not only see to it that no guilty man escapes, but also that no innocent man is imprisoned or held under restraint. The condition of public manners and morals requires and demands prompt punishment, and the maximum that can be imposed.

The truth is, there is no substantial or satisfactory reason why any criminal charge should go before a Grand Jury, certainly none below a felony. If the investigation has any effect at all, it is against the prisoner, because the finding of the Grand Jury is the opinion of at least twelve men, that the accused is sufficiently guilty to be put on trial. But the case can be as well prepared and tried, and can be as well prepared and defended, without the intervention of a Grand Jury, as it can after that most ponderous body of gentlemen has sat upon it.

I am making no attack upon the organization called the Grand Jury. It is an important and necessary help to the court, and to the citizens of the county in many matters relating to the expenditure of money, and the general management of county affairs. But as a part and parcel of the criminal court, the Grand Jury is a back number.

It is very evident from the facts presented in these few remarks, that fifty years of the present Criminal Procedure Legislation has shown that it can be greatly simplified, and made much less expensive to the county and much more speedy and certain in the punishment of offenses. As for example: Last year the Grand Jurors were paid, by County Statement $925.-49. Twelve would reduce the amount one-half, and seven or nine would cut off another large sum.

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Hoarding of enormous sums of money in gold by foreign-born miners and saloon keepers in Schuylkill county has been disclosed by investigation by bank officials. Of the sums of money received from foreigners for liquor licenses, all was in gold. Mine officials state that the hoarders are men ignorant of banking customs and privileges.

AUDITOR'S NOTICE.

Estate of Asa Yorks, Deceased.

Notice is hereby given that the undersigned, appointed an Auditor by the Orphans' Court of Columbia county, on exceptions to the second and final account of Asa Yorks, late of said county, deceased; and also to make distribution of the estate in the hands of his Executors, will sit to perform the duties of his appointment, at his office in the town of Bloomsburg, on Thursday, February 20th, 1908, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, when and where all persons having claims against the estate, or interest therein, must appear and present the same, or be forever debarred from coming in on the said fund.

JOHN G. FREEZE,
Auditor.

Fred Ikeler, Att'y for Executors.
A. L. Fritz for the Heirs.
Wm. Chrisman for Exceptions. 1-16-ta

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